

The Paducah Evening Sun.

VOL. XXVI NO. 151.

PADUCAH, KY., MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 27, 1909

TEN CENTS PER WEEK

SCORES KILLED BY STORM AND COLD IN NEW ENGLAND

Tidal Wave Strikes Chelsea and Causes Destruction and Death.

Hundreds Die in Spanish Floods.

PROPERTY LOSS IS EXTENSIVE.

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New England.

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The gale drove a tide into Massachusetts bay which nearly equalled that of the famous storm of 1851. Wet snow prostrated the wire, telephone, telegraph, electric light and trolley, and railroad trains were stalled, persons lost their lives in Everett and Chelsea by the sudden rise of the tide.

In this city the tide went across Atlantic avenue on the water front, filling hundreds of cellars and causing an estimated damage of over \$1,000,000.

In Everett, Cornelius Harkins and his wife were caught in their beds and overwhelmed by the flood, while an infant child lost its life in Chelsea under similar conditions. In many places along the coast persons were taken from their homes in boats and hundreds of summer cottages were undermined.

The prostration of wire service was more extensive than for many years. Cambridge, Somerville, Lynn, Haverhill, Providence, Fall River and New Bedford were in darkness except for the light afforded by a full moon.

In New York.

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The Weather

General forecast for Kentucky: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Highest temperature today was 34 and the lowest was 12 above zero.

Washington Forecast.
Illinois: Washington, Dec. 27.—Local snows Monday; Tuesday generally fair.

Sun and Moon.
Sun rose today.....7:23 a. m.
Sun sets today.....4:37 p. m.
Moon rises today.....5:26 p. m.

INCORPORATION UNDER FEDERAL LAWS PROPOSED

President Taft Probably Will Urge Immediate Legislation.

After Action of the Supreme Court.

SOME OPPOSITION IS EXPECTED.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Serious consideration is being given by President Taft and leaders in congress, including Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon, to the question of the advisability of attempting to enact a federal incorporation act in advance of a final judicial decision in the Standard Oil dissolution case. There appears to be an important difference of opinion between Mr. Taft and his advisers, who want him to withhold the message which he has announced he will send to congress.

It is understood that Mr. Taft fears that business generally will suffer if the supreme court affirms the finding of the circuit court in the dissolution case and that he strongly favors what might be termed "vaccination" of the body corporate by the administration of legislative remedy before the evil appears.

On the other hand, congressional leaders think such a course would merely supply ammunition to the opponents of the administration by giving them an excuse to charge that the force of the Taft regime is being directed toward creating a "shelter for monopolies."

Too Much Opposition.
If the president should submit his recommendations soon after congress reconvenes, and should follow what is said to be his present inclination, he would ask for the passage of a federal incorporation law without delay on the ground that honest business is menaced under the interpretation of the Sherman anti-trust act given by the circuit court decision in the Standard Oil case.

While the president's view is shared by the leaders named, they recognize the fact that there will be serious opposition to any legislation apparently calculated to narrow the scope of the Sherman law. They believe that this opposition is so strong that there would be a protracted contest over such a measure, and that it would be the part of wisdom, therefore, to await the decision of the supreme court.

Mr. Taft, it is said, has reviewed personally the evidence in the Standard Oil case, with the result that he believes the decision by the circuit court correctly interprets the law; if so, he presumably expects that the decree will be sustained by the supreme court. The understanding of those with whom Mr. Taft has discussed the case is that he could recommend the enactment of a federal incorporation law without becoming amenable to a charge that he was seeking to prejudice the supreme court.

That the present is an unpropitious time to send such a message to congress and no matter how cautious the president might be in the wording of his recommendation, a political issue will certainly be made of it. It is the opinion of the Republican leaders. These leaders do not all agree that the supreme court will sustain the decision of the circuit court without mitigating the force of that interpretation of the Sherman law. They point to the fact that the supreme court sustained the right of congress to enact the legislation contained in the commodities clause of the Hepburn law, but that it did so in a manner such as to make it virtually ineffective. It is suggested as not impossible that a decision "with the edge dulled" in like manner might be handed down in the Standard Oil case.

Past decisions by the supreme court in cases brought under the Sherman anti-trust law have in the main confirmed the constitutionality of the law and have given to it the broadest application. It is argued, nevertheless, in view of the far-reaching effect of the recent decision in the Standard Oil case upon corporations generally, both good and bad, congress may well be asked by the president to take

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SAVES HER HOME; BUT BURNS HER OWN HANDS

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Patrolman Henry Singery Tipped For Chief Police and J. J. Dorian For Captaincy—Firemen Change

Harry Rudolph and Charles McKinney Will Succeed Jacob Elliott and P. T. Glynn as Fire Captains.

Considerable change will be effected in the make-up of the police and fire departments at the meeting of the board of police and fire commissioners tonight in all probability. A new chief and lieutenant of police, two new fire captains, seven new patrolmen and five new firemen are likely.

Henry Singery, patrolman on the Broadway beat, is tipped to succeed Chief Collins, of the police department. Chief Wood, of the fire department, will be retained; but Captain Glynn, of No. 2, will be reduced. Captain Elliott applied for a saloon license. The board apparently accepted this as a tacit wish to retire. Charles McKinney will succeed Glynn, and Harry Rudolph, driver of No. 1, will succeed Elliott.

In the police department John J. Dorian will succeed Henry Bailey as captain on duty at night, and Henry Bailey probably will be assigned to day duty. Captain Frank Harlan will remain captain, and Sergeant Cross will be retained.

The following patrolmen resigned: Ed Denington, to open a store; Charles Whittemore, to be deputy sheriff; Charles Clark, to be deputy jailer; Casper Jones, to open a saloon; Tom Potter, to be guard at Eddyville penitentiary; Tobe Owen and John Bryan.

Their places will be filled by Julian Switzer, an Illinois Central shop man; J. W. Ford, John Dunaway; R. Treadway; Patillo Kirk, the Illinois Central special clerk, and G. H. Tolar.

The following firemen will leave vacancies: John McPadden; George Glenn, W. H. Mittle, Sam McElton and James Lowe. The following will be elected: Charles Wanner, Edwin Sands, Frank Clayton, A. J. York and R. D. Barnett, the license inspector.

The Chief of Police.
It is understood that the appointment of Patrolman Singery as chief is not permanent; but on account of his excellent record as an officer for seventeen years, he has been raised from the ranks, while the situation is being canvassed, and it may be Singery will remain chief throughout Mayor Smith's term. Singery had the backing of an element of citizenship that demands the complete enforcement of all police regulations, and has no other interest in the matter. Voluntary recommendations from disinterested sources for the promotion of Singery indicate that the appointment will be popular as well as merited. His record of seven years' service has been examined, and it is said, there is not a black mark against him.

Chief Collins, who has grown gray in the service, probably will retire from active duty. He began the public service as fireman and was transferred to the police department. He has been in the employ of the city continuously a score of years, and has been chief of police seven years. There is no better chief taker in the country, and the efficiency of the department under him in maintaining order has been severely tested and proven. He will retire to a well earned rest from onerous duties.

It is known that Mayor Smith and members of the board have been conferring about the election, and the foregoing changes are reliably tipped as accurate. Politics apparently has time by the forelock and to modify the force of the act.

The record in the Standard Oil case will in all probability reach the supreme court sometime before it reconvenes on January 3, and that counsel for the government and the company will confer in a request for its advancement on the docket so that it may be argued early in March is probable. This would give just time to consider the matter before its adjournment the latter part of May. If dispatch is shown in getting adjudication of the case, it is likely that there will still be opportunity for congress to consider remedial legislation during the present session.

FARMERS BREAK THE WHEAT KING

PATTEN SAID TO BE CORNERED BY AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Unless May corn drops at 15 cents before May 31, James Patten will lose his fortune, according to reports today. He is reported to be short ten to thirteen million bushels and continues selling. He has been selling for weeks in an effort to break the price, but has failed so far. The American Society of Equity, a farmers' organization, is believed to be responsible for the present price.

Salesman in an Auto.
Drumming overland by automobile is an innovation adopted by Mr. E. W. Bockman, a well known coffee dealer. This morning Mr. Teech, a salesman, left in an "Overland" automobile and will travel over southern Illinois. The machine has just been purchased and is 35 horse power. This is the first machine that has been purchased by local merchants for drumming purposes.

HER CHRISTMAS PRESENTS WERE STOLEN JEWELRY

Mrs. H. W. Rottgering, Jr., Receives Her Lost Valuables.

Escaped Prisoner From Henderson Robbed Her.

CHARLES GISH IS CAUGHT.

It was a joyous Christmas morning for Mrs. H. W. Rottgering, Jr., when she opened up an express package containing jewelry that had been stolen from the home on November 20. The package was sent from Henderson, where Charles Gish is in jail, and from him the articles of jewelry, consisting of a gold watch and fob and nine rings set with diamonds, besides other jewelry, were recovered. Several of the articles were heirlooms of the family and were especially valued.

The Rottgering home is on the Calro road near Perkins' creek and was robbed November 20, while the family was away. Gish was under arrest at Henderson on the charge of grand larceny, but November 16 broke jail and escaped. He came through Paducah, and after robbing the Rottgering home escaped to Ballard county, where he was captured November 23, and was returned to Henderson. The jewelry was found in his possession and after efforts of the police it was identified as property of Mrs. Rottgering. Some difficulty was experienced in recovering some of the jewelry and Jallor W. B. Jennings shipped the articles as a Christmas present to the owner.

Gish will face the charge of grand larceny at Henderson and should he be acquitted he will be brought back to Paducah for trial, but this is only probable, as the county jailer wrote Gish would receive a long sentence in the penitentiary from Henderson county.

Dr. Wright's Sermon.

No service was held last night at Grace Episcopal church on account of the Union service held in the afternoon at the Broadway Methodist church. At the morning hour the Rev. David C. Wright preached a Christmas sermon that was especially fine and thought-compelling. It was a summing up of the year 1909 in the light of the Christmas-tide.

COOK GETS TELEGRAM THROUGH THIRD PARTY

Paris, Dec. 27.—Telegrams sent by the United Press to Dr. Cook, at Nice, have been delivered, the telegraph company says, to a person authorized to act for the explorer; but no replies are received. A host of newspaper men at Nice are unable to find the explorer.

DR. PRYOR IMPROVES FROM HIS OPERATION

Dr. J. D. Pryor, of Mayfield, was slightly improved and resting easier today at Riverside hospital, where he was operated on last week for the removal of the right eyeball. After the operation, his condition became very grave and his physicians are somewhat doubtful as to his recovery. Today he showed signs of improvement and his many friends hope for his speedy recovery. Dr. Pryor was seriously burned on the face several weeks ago at Mayfield when an explosion in his desk drawer flared up. It is believed that the vision of his left eye will be impaired.

Chicago Market.

May	High	Low	Close
Wheat	1.12 1/2	1.10 1/2	1.11 1/2
Corn	.67 1/2	.67	.67
Oats	.46	.45	.45 1/2
Provs.	21.92	21.75	21.75
Lard	12.02	11.92	11.92
Ribs	11.50	11.40	11.40

Rock Island Exciting.
New York, Dec. 27.—A wild ball hour followed the going of the stock exchange this morning. Bulls 81. The Rock Island from 5 1/2 to 5 1/2. Bears smashed the prices changed fifty-two thousand. The flurry, it is said, was a gold short, and, when lators, were compelled to be forced any price. Rock Island off 35 horse power. This is the first machine that has been purchased by local merchants for drumming purposes.

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Christmas Eve Tragedy at Calloway County Seat Settles Gloom Over Community—Joe Utterback Shot.

Murray, Ky., Dec. 27. (Special.)—It is feared a mob may visit the Murray jail tonight to lynch Homer Bridges, colored, charged with shooting Ernest Lowry, a young white man, at Hazel, Christmas night. Lowry was shot in the spine and is paralyzed. There is little hope of his recovery. The crime was wanted. It is said Lowry was walking along the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad, when a passenger train passed. Some one in the colored coach said, "Watch that young fellow jump," and fired out the window. The bullet struck Lowry in the back. Bridges was arrested and brought to Murray and placed in jail. Public feeling is intense, and last night a mob was feared. It is said mob sentiment has been gaining strength today.

Christmas Eve Tragedy.

Christmas eve was made gloomy in Murray by the shooting of Joe Utterback, a member of a well known family here, who died at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. He was shot by Clancy McCool, of Trigg county, farm hand for Brent Hart. McCool made his escape, but a reward has been offered for his capture. Both young men were about 24 years old.

The shooting took place near the edge of town, where the young people had repaired to shoot off fireworks. McCool and Ed Utterback, younger brother of Joe, had quarreled previously and made up. The quarrel was renewed on the way to the edge of town, and Joe took up his brother's quarrel. No blows were exchanged, but in the height of the dispute, McCool drew a revolver and shot Joe Utterback through the stomach. An operation was performed, but he did not rally. He was buried Sunday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Bourland, the Christian minister, officiating.

Joe Utterback was the son of James H. Utterback. He leaves besides his father, five sisters and three brothers. One of his sisters is Mrs. Perry Melton. He also has relatives in Paducah.

Trenton, Ky., Dec. 27. (Special.)—Fire in the business section caused a \$10,000 loss.

Kidnapers in Louisville.

Louisville, Dec. 27. (Special.)—Two alleged kidnapers seized William Harbaugh, the 11-year-old son of William Harbaugh, at Eighteenth and Chestnut streets, and Kenneth King, aged 8 years, son of H. H. King, a grocer, at Nineteenth and Chestnut streets. They dropped both boys when the boys made a noise and ran. There is no clew.

Jackson, Miss., Dec. 27.—Governor Noel today announced the appointment of James Gordon, of Oklahoma, to succeed McAnlin in the United States senate. It is effective until the legislature meets January 4.

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Chicago, Dec. 27.—Jim Corbett says he wants the whole world to know he is not going to train Jeff

SAVES HER HOME, BUT BURNS HER OWN HANDS

Discharging firecrackers in the house came near resulting seriously yesterday morning at the residence of former Patrolman Sam Howell when bed clothing was ignited. Mrs. Howell with due presence of mind, grabbed up the burning clothing and succeeded in smothering out the flames before any great damage had been done. Dexter Howell, their 9-year-old son, was inside playing with several boy friends. A firecracker exploded on the bed, starting the blaze. Mrs. Howell, in smothering out the fire, burned her hands. The damage will amount to several dollars.

INCORPORATION UNDER FEDERAL LAWS PROPOSED

President Taft Probably Will Urge Immediate Legislation.

After Action of the Supreme Court.

SOME OPPOSITION IS EXPECTED.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Serious consideration is being given by President Taft and leaders in congress, including Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon, to the question of the advisability of attempting to enact a federal incorporation act in advance of a final judicial decision in the Standard Oil dissolution case. There appears to be an important difference of opinion between Mr. Taft and his advisers, who want him to withhold the message which he has announced he will send to congress.

It is understood that Mr. Taft fears that business generally will suffer if the supreme court affirms the finding of the circuit court in the dissolution case and that he strongly favors what he termed "vaccination" of the body corporate by the administration of legislative remedy before the evil appears.

On the other hand, congressional leaders think such a course would merely supply ammunition to the opponents of the administration by giving them an excuse to charge that the force of the Taft regime is being directed toward creating a "shelter for monopolies."

Too Much Opposition.

If the president should submit his recommendations soon after congress reconvenes, and should follow what is said to be his present inclination, he would ask for the passage of a federal incorporation law without delay on the ground that honest business is menaced under the interpretation of the Sherman anti-trust act given by the circuit court decision in the Standard Oil case.

While the president's view is shared by the leaders named, they recognize the fact that there will be serious opposition to any legislation apparently calculated to narrow the scope of the Sherman law. They believe that this opposition is so strong that there would be a protracted contest over such a measure, and that it would be the part of wisdom, therefore, to await the decision of the supreme court.

Mr. Taft, it is said, has reviewed personally the evidence in the Standard Oil case, with the result that he believes the decision by the circuit court correctly interprets the law. If so, he presumably expects that the decree will be sustained by the supreme court. The understanding of those with whom Mr. Taft has discussed the case is that he could recommend the enactment of a federal incorporation law without becoming amenable to a charge that he was seeking to prejudice the supreme court.

That the present is an unpropitious time to send such a message to congress and no matter how cautious the president might be in the wording of his recommendation, a political issue will certainly be made of it. It is the opinion of the Republican leaders. These leaders do not all agree that the supreme court will sustain the decision of the circuit court without mitigating the force of that interpretation of the Sherman law. They point to the fact that the supreme court sustained the right of congress to enact the legislation contained in the commodities clause of the Hepburn law, but that it did so in a manner such as to make it virtually ineffective. It is suggested as not impossible that a decision "with the edge dulled" in like manner might be handed down in the Standard Oil case.

Past decisions by the supreme court in cases brought under the Sherman anti-trust law have in the main confirmed the constitutionality of the law and have given to it the broadest application. It is argued, nevertheless, in view of the far-reaching effect of the recent decision in the Standard Oil case upon corporations generally, both good and bad, congress may well be asked by the president to take

A Comparison of the Circulation of The Sun for Two Years

November, 1907 average.3925
November, 1908 average.5052
November, 1909 average.6700
This is the biggest circulation west of Louisville.

Patrolman Henry Singery Tipped For Chief Police and J. J. Dorian For Captaincy—Firemen Change

Harry Rudolph and Charles McKinney Will Succeed Jacob Elliott and P. T. Glynn as Fire Captains.

.....
Chief of Police—Henry Singery.
Fire chief—James Woods.
Police Captain—Frank Harlan and John J. Dorian.
Sergeant—Ed Cross.
Fire Captains—John M. Slaughter, Joseph Collins, Harry Rudolph and Charles McKinney.
.....

Considerable change will be effected in the make-up of the police and fire departments at the meeting of the board of police and fire commissioners tonight in all probability. A new chief and lieutenant of police, two new fire captains, seven new patrolmen and five new firemen are likely.

Henry Singery, patrolman on the Broadway beat, is tipped to succeed Chief Collins, of the police department. Chief Wood, of the fire department, will be retained; but Captain Glynn, of No. 2, will be reduced. Captain Elliott applied for a saloon license. The board apparently accepted this as a tacit wish to retire. Charles McKinney will succeed Glynn, and Harry Rudolph, driver of No. 1, will succeed Elliott.

Police Department.

In the police department John J. Dorian will succeed Henry Bailey as captain on duty at night, and Henry Bailey probably will be assigned to day duty. Captain Frank Harlan will remain captain, and Sergeant Cross will be retained.

The following patrolmen resigned: Ed Denington, to open a store; Charles Whittemore, to be deputy sheriff; Charles Clark, to be deputy jailer; Casper Jones, to open a saloon; Tom Foster, to be guard at Edwille penitentiary; Toke Owen and John Bryan.

Their places will be filled by Julian Switzer, an Illinois Central shop man; J. W. Ford, John Dunnaway; R. Treadway; Patillo Kirk, the Illinois Central special officer, and G. H. Tolar.

The following firemen will leave vacancies: John McFadden; George Giannini; W. H. Pirle, Sam Melton and James Lowe. The following will be elected: Charles Wanner, Frank Sande, Frank Clayton, A. J. Egan and R. D. Barnett, the license inspector.

The Chief of Police.

It is understood that the appointment of Patrolman Singery as chief is not permanent; but on account of his excellent record as an officer for seventeen years, he has been raised from the ranks, while the situation is being canvassed, and it may be Singery will remain chief throughout Mayor Smith's term. Singery had the backing of an element of citizenship that demands the complete enforcement of all police regulations, and has no other interest in the matter. Voluntary recommendations from disinterested sources for the promotion of Singery indicate that the appointment will be popular as well as merited. His record of seven years' service has been examined, and it is said, there is not a black mark against him.

Chief Collins, who has grown gray in the service, probably will retire from active duty. He began the public service as fireman and was transferred to the police department. He has been in the employ of the city continuously a score of years and has been chief of police seven years. There is no better thief taker in the country, and the efficiency of the department under him in maintaining order has been severely tested and proven. He will retire to a well earned rest from onerous duties.

It is known that Mayor Smith and members of the board have been conferring about the election, and the foregoing changes are reliably tipped as accurate. Politics apparently has time by the forelock and to modify the force of the act.

The record in the Standard Oil case will in all probability reach the supreme court sometime before it convenes on January 5, and that counsel for the government and the company will confer in a request for its advancement on the docket so that it may be argued early in March. It is probable. This would give just time to consider the matter before its adjournment the latter part of May. If dispatch is shown in getting indication of the case, it is likely that there will still be opportunity for congress to consider remedial legislation during the present session.

out no figure in the appointments, and merit alone counted. Both the police and fire chiefs will be given free rein to make their departments efficient and maintain discipline. Chief Wood, who has been an active Democrat, is retained, and had a voice in selecting the new men for the fire department. Some of the new men are Democrats and some Republicans. Formerly a Republican had no show, and all appointments were made with an eye single to political expediency.

Police Department.

Henry Seamon and Thad Terrell, drivers; E. Gourteux, John Hession, Mike Dugan, E. C. Carter, William Beadle, Henry Franklin, A. C. Stewart, R. W. Vick, C. D. Gilliam, Walter England, H. H. Doyle, R. T. Jones, E. C. Dalton, Lucian Shelton, W. C. Hickman, S. C. Schrader, Frank Baldridge, H. Garrett, William Smith, G. H. Tolar, Patillo Kirk, G. H. Kuykendall, H. Bailey, J. M. Dunnaway, R. Treadway, Julian Switzer, C. C. Martin.

Fire Department.

Elmer Young, W. B. Gibson, L. E. Ogilvie, John Lehnard, Fred Muenzler, W. F. McCormack, T. H. Edwards, Will Lehnard, Tom Jeffords, William Sheehan, Noah English, Perry Story, Charles Etter, Charles Boli, Maurice Ingram, Russell Hughes, James Lloyd, engineer; Tom Glynn, Charles Wanner, Nathan Sands, Frank Clayton, H. Hays, R. D. Barnett, William Walters.

REMINGTON THE FAMOUS PAINTER OF WESTERN LIFE

Ridgfield, Conn., Dec. 27.—Friedrick Remington, the artist, died at his home here from heart failure and shock superinduced by an operation for appendicitis performed Thursday.

Mr. Remington had been in good health until last Sunday, when he remarked that he seemed slightly indisposed. It was not until Wednesday that he suffered pain to any extent, and physicians were called. The next day an operation was performed. The patient seemed to be progressing favorably Friday and Saturday, but this morning a change set in, and death came about 9:30.

Mr. Remington came here last May to make this his place of permanent residence. He was in his forty-eighth year and was a native of Canton, N. Y., to which place the body will be taken tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Remington married Miss Eva Caton, of Gloversville, N. Y., who survives him.

Captain at Mizpah Mission.

The Sunday school of the Mizpah mission will give its Christmas entertainment tonight. It will be a cantata, and a very pleasant program has been prepared.

Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

Morning services were conducted by the Rev. J. T. Harboe, of Nashville, Tenn., and evening services by the pastor, the Rev. D. W. Fooks. Both services were well attended. Tonight Christmas exercises will be held at 7 o'clock.

FARMERS BREAK THE WHEAT KING

PATTEN SAID TO BE CORNERED BY AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Unless May corn drops at 15 cents before May 31, James Patten will lose his fortune, according to reports today. He is reported to be short ten to thirteen million bushels and continues selling. He has been selling for weeks in an effort to break the price, but has failed so far. The American Society of Equity, a farmers' organization, is believed to be responsible for the present price.

Salesman in an Auto.

Drumming overland by automobile is an innovation adopted by Mr. E. W. Bockman, a well known coffee dealer. This morning Mr. Teevin, a salesman, left in an "Overland" automobile and will travel over southern Illinois. The machine has just been purchased and is 30 horse power. This is the first machine that has been purchased by local merchants for drumming purposes.

HER CHRISTMAS PRESENTS WERE STOLEN JEWELRY

Mrs. H. W. Rottgering, Jr., Receives Her Lost Valuables.

Escaped Prisoner From Henderson Robbed Her.

CHARLES GISH IS CAUGHT.

It was a joyous Christmas morning for Mrs. H. W. Rottgering, Jr., when she opened up an express package containing jewelry that had been stolen from the home on November 20. The package was sent from Henderson, where Charles Gish is in jail, and from him the articles of jewelry, consisting of a gold watch and fob and nine rings set with diamonds, besides other jewelry, were recovered. Several of the articles were heirlooms of the family and were especially valued.

The Rottgering home is on the Calo road near Perkins creek and was robbed November 20, while the family was away. Gish was under arrest at Henderson on the charge of grand larceny, but November 16 broke jail and escaped. He came through Paducah, and after robbing the Rottgering home escaped to Ballard county, where he was captured November 23, and was returned to Henderson. The jewelry was found in his possession and after efforts of the police it was identified as property of Mrs. Rottgering. Some difficulty was experienced in recovering some of the jewelry and Jailer W. B. Jennings shipped the articles as a Christmas present to the owner.

Gish will face the charge of grand larceny at Henderson and should he be acquitted he will be brought back to Paducah for trial, but this is only probable, as the county jailer wrote Gish would receive a long sentence in the penitentiary from Henderson county.

Dr. Wright's Sermon.

No service was held last night at Grace Episcopal church on account of the Union service held in the afternoon at the Broadway Methodist church. At the morning hour the Rev. David C. Wright preached a Christmas sermon that was especially fine and thought-provoking. It was a summing up of the year 1909 in the light of the Christmas-tide.

COOK GETS TELEGRAM THROUGH THIRD PARTY

Paris, Dec. 27.—Telegrams sent by the United Press to Dr. Cook, at Nice, have been delivered, the telegraph company says, to a person authorized to act for the explorer; but no replies are received. A host of newspaper men at Nice are unable to find the explorer.

DR. PRYOR IMPROVES FROM HIS OPERATION

Dr. J. D. Pryor, of Mayfield, was slightly improved and resting easier today at Riverside hospital, where he was operated on last week for the removal of the right eyeball. After the operation, his condition became very grave and his physicians are somewhat doubtful as to his recovery. Today he showed signs of improvement and his many friends hope for his speedy recovery. Dr. Pryor was seriously burned on the face several weeks ago at Mayfield when an explosion in his desk drawer flared up. It is believed that the vision of his left eye will be impaired.

Chicago Market.

	May	High	Low	Close
Wheat	1.12 1/2	1.10 1/2	1.11 1/2	
Corn	.67 1/2	.67	.67	
Oats	.46	.45 1/2	.45 1/2	
Prov.	21.82	21.75	21.75	
Lard	12.02	11.92	11.92	
Ribs	11.50	11.40	11.40	

Rock Island Exchanging.

New York, Dec. 27.—A wild half hour followed the going of the stock exchange this morning. Bulls 81. The Rock Island from 55 1/2 to 51. Bears smashed the prices changed fifty-two thousand. The flurry, it hands in a half by London speculation, was sold short, and when it was delivered, were compelled to force any price. Rock Island officials say nothing of the internal affairs of the company warrant any sensational movement.

FITZSIMMONS IS KNOCKED OUT

IN FIGHT WITH BILL LANG,
HEAVYWEIGHT.

In Twelfth Round Old Time Fighter
Took Count—Lang Outweighed
Fitzsimmons 32 Pounds.

THE OLD TIMER IS WELCOMED

Sydney, N. S. W., Dec. 27.—Bill Lang, the Australian heavyweight champion, knocked out Bob Fitzsimmons in the twelfth round of their fight at Rush Cutters Bay Stadium. The fight was evenly contested up to the last round, when Lang forced Fitzsimmons to the ropes, knocked him down with a right hand blow to the jaw and when he arose, sent him to the floor senseless from a right hand uppercut.

Fitzsimmons had not appeared in the ring in Australia since he left here for the United States many years ago.

The fight opened rather tamely, Lang showing his extreme nervousness. He was freely hoisted for holding in the clinches and frequently butting his opponent and refusing to break clean. Fitzsimmons, on the contrary, fought cleanly and quickly became the favorite with the crowd.

As the fight progressed Lang regained confidence and forced the pace, but Fitzsimmons cleverly evaded his rushes and frequently landed clean blows on the face and body. In a hot rally in the eleventh round Fitzsimmons cut Lang's right eye severely with a left hand punch.

When the twelfth and last round opened, Lang rushed Fitzsimmons through the ropes and floored him with a right hand swing.

Fitzsimmons took the count nine and arose groggy. Lang was at him fiercely as soon as he regained his feet, battering the tottering veteran about the ring. He forced Fitzsimmons against the ropes and with a hard right uppercut on the jaw sent him down and out.

Lang was a strong favorite in the betting at odds of 1 to 2. His weight was announced at 155 pounds, while Fitzsimmons weighed 156 pounds.

American Brands Best.
"I smoke Virginia cigarettes and I drink California wine in London," said a millionaire. "I find them of exquisite quality over there. I pay a high price for them."

"In the smart shops of Bond street, where the best cigars and cigarettes in the world are to be found, the Virginia cigarette has a place of honor beside its Egyptian sister. It is as fine and pure, it is as smartly boxed. My favorite Virginia brand is a 4-cent article—four cents apiece."

"And so our California still wines, both red and white, have an honorable place on all fashionable menus, and they cost—and they are worth—a good round sum. Fine, rich, full-bodied wines they are, too."

"But here at home," said the millionaire, "it is difficult to get native wines and cigarettes, and when you do get them they are very cheap and very nasty. I had to go abroad to learn how aromatic a Virginia cigarette could be and how mellow a California wine."—Kansas City Star.

Could Not Be Better.
No one has ever made a salve, ointment, lotion or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Bolls, Ulcers, Eczema, Salt Rheum. For Sore Eyes, Cold Sores, Chapped Hands it's supreme. Infallible for Piles. Only 25c at all druggists.

The immense chocolate candy industry is an outgrowth of French colonists in Venezuela and Trinidad experimenting in French bonbons and nuggets (nuggets). So dear to the French palate. From France this chocolate candy has spread all over the world, and may run for the money a race with the tobacco habit. —Indianapolis News.

CITY TAX NOTICE.
All city taxes for the year 1909 should be paid this month, as the penalty of ten (10) per cent goes on all delinquents on January 1, 1910. Come now and avoid the rush of the last few days of the month.
GEO. W. WALTERS, Treas.

Some fellows take everything for granted except a hint.

Home Grown Fruit Trees, All Varieties
Hardy Flowering shrubs, evergreens, hedge plants and grape vines.
GEO. SCHMAUS.
Both phones 192.

Come to the big dance at the Rollaway, corner of Eighth and Tenth streets, Wednesday night. Admission, gentlemen, 25c each; ladies free. Everybody come and have a jolly time.
J. M. RICKMAN, Mgr.

The Kentucky ONE NIGHT Tuesday Dec. 28

A. J. SPENCER

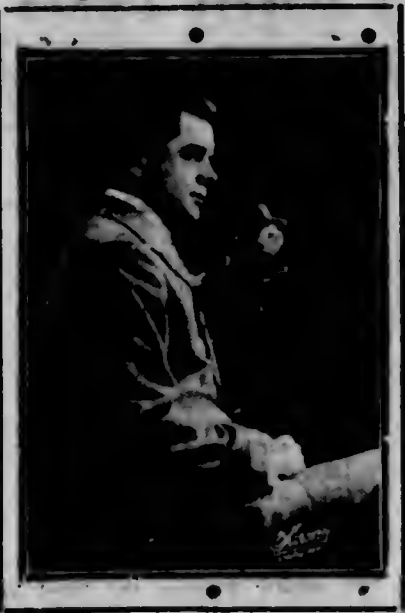
Announces the Annual Tour of

MR. PAUL GILMORE

In

"The Candidate"

A Comedy of Young America, by Owen Doris, Author of "At Yale"



CURTAIN 8:15

Prices

Orchestra, 12 rows.....\$1.50
Balance.....\$1.00
Balcony, 5 rows.....75c
Balance.....50c
Gallery.....25c, 35c
Seat sale Monday 10 a. m.

MRS. ASTOR TO WED CURZON?

HER DIVORCE NOT YET FINAL,
BUT THE STORY

Wants High Standing in English Society—Captain Ponsonby, of the Grenadier Guards.

IS RIVAL OF LORD CURZON

New York, Dec. 27.—Until Mrs. Astor's divorce from Lord Curzon is final, she will be busy engaging her now to one man, again to another, for that is the penalty of being young, rich, beautiful and almost free. While it will be several months yet before her interdictory decree of divorce becomes final and operative, yet her friends have already begun planning for her future in a matrimonial way.

Her friend, Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, insists that Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, will be the man of Mrs. Astor's choice; the talk of London clubs favors Captain, the Hon. Cyril Miles Ponsonby, second son of the earl of Bessborough, and several others have been mentioned over fashionable tea tables.

Mrs. Astor, who in the meantime is spending the Christmas holidays at Sossobury Park, with the Earl and Countess of Essex, is preserving a discreet silence, which some construe as eloquent, for she denies nothing, at the same time confirms no more.

Would Be Good Match.

Many are inclined to place more credence in the Curzon rumor than any other, for it is known the former viceroy of India has been very devoted to Mrs. Astor and as far as a mere man can judge of such things, she seemed to look with favor on him, at least at one time. And the fact that Mrs. Guinness, who should know if any one does, says Lord Curzon will be the fortunate winner in the race for Mrs. Astor's hand. It was Mrs. Astor's husband, you know, that Mrs. Astor stayed when she was over here last autumn.

A marriage with Lord Curzon would be a most desirable alliance from every point of view. In the first place their ages are suitable and his position would insure her the place in British society that she has long coveted. He is a widower with two children.

His wife, who died several years ago, was Miss Mary Leiter, a daughter of Mrs. Levi Z. Leiter. She was the sister of the Countess of Suffolk, Mrs. Colin Campbell, and of Joseph Leiter.

Army Man in Field.

Captain Ponsonby, who has also been most attentive to her, is much younger than Mrs. Astor, only 28 years of age. He is very handsome, and comes of an ancient family. He is a captain of the Grenadier Guards and aide de camp to the king's brother, the Duke of Connaught. One of his ancestors served under Cromwell. His father owns large estates in Ireland and is interested in the Gordon Hotel company.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Recruits Accepted.

Sergeant Joseph Kresky was enlisted for another term of three years in the United States army and three recruits were accepted by Captain George W. Kirkpatrick, of Evansville, last Friday night. The new recruits are: Walter Potts, of Goldconda; Guy Thomas, of Mayfield; Thomas Dixon, Poplar Bluff, Mo. They were sent to Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis for assignment. Capt. Kirkpatrick will return Wednesday evening.

Nitrogen iodide is so sensitive that the touch of a fly's foot would explode it.

Trade Between United States and South America Improves.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Trade between South America and the United States in 1909 will exceed all previous records, with a total of nearly 260 million dollars, against 233 millions in 1907, and 129 millions in 1899. Of this total of 260 millions, 175 millions is the estimated total of imports from, and 83 millions that of exports to South America.

Imports from South America in the calendar year 1909 show an increase of nearly 40 per cent over those of last year, and the full year's record will probably exceed by 25 million dollars that of 1906, until now the banner year in our imports from South America. In the ten months for which detailed information has reached the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor, imports from South America aggregated 145 million dollars, compared with 101 millions in a like period of 1908, 126 millions in 1907 and 111 millions in 1906.

The South American countries participating most largely in the import trade of the United States, stated in the order of importations in ten months of the present year, are: Brazil, Argentina, Chile, Venezuela, Colombia, Peru, Uruguay, Ecuador, Dutch Guiana, British Guiana, French Guiana, Paraguay and Bolivia. From Bolivia our nominal imports are practically nil by reason of its inland location. In the ten months ending with October of the years named, imports from Brazil increased from 58½ million dollars in 1908 to 82 millions in 1909; Argentina, from 10 1-3 millions to 22½ millions; Chile from 10½ millions to 13 millions; Venezuela, from 6 millions to 7 millions; Uruguay, from 1½ millions to 4 millions, and those from Ecuador, from 1½ millions to 2½ millions, while imports from Peru for both periods aggregated about 5 millions.

Coffee is the largest item of importation from South America, the value imported in the ten months of 1909 having been 54 million dollars, against 45 millions in the same months of the preceding year; while the articles next in importance are: India rubber, 32 million dollars in 1909, against 17 millions in a like period of 1908; hides of cattle, 13 million dollars, compared with 6 million last year; wool, 8 million dollars, compared with 3½ millions last year; goat skins, 4 million dollars, against less than 3 millions last year; Cocoa and cacao, crude, 3 2-3 million dollars, practically the same value as that for the ten months of

LAME EVERY MORNING.

A Bad Back Is Always Worse in the Morning—Paducah People Are Finding Relief.

A back that aches all day and causes discomfort at night is usually worse in the morning. Makes you feel as if you hadn't slept at all.

Can't cure a bad back until you cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure eleck kidneys—makes you feel better, work better, rest better and sleep better.

Permanent cures in Paducah prove the merit of Doan's.

Thomas Crane, 507 South Third street, Paducah, Ky., says: "I was caused suffering and annoyance by disordered kidneys. My back ached constantly. I did not rest well and felt drowsy, had attacks of dizziness and was bothered by irregular passages of the kidney secretions. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised as a specific for such troubles, I obtained a box at the 1st Drug Co. The first few doses gave me relief and as I continued taking the remedy, I rapidly grew better until I was in good health. Doan's Kidney Pills have helped me more than any other kidney medicine I have ever taken, and for that reason I have no hesitation in recommending them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MAY BE NO WORLD'S SERIES

NATIONAL'S 168-GAME SCHEDULE ENDS IN COLD WEATHER.

Stated American Leaguers May Refuse to Wait in Idleness While National Is Finishing.

LONG SEASON MAY PREVENT

New York, Dec. 27.—Will there be a world's championship baseball series next fall? Persons familiar with the inside machinery of the game were prone to the belief that unless the two major leagues changed their plans the public will be deprived of a test between the rival pennant winners.

The National League has voted to play a schedule of 168 games next year, the season opening on or about April 14 and ending on or about Oct. 15. The American League, on the other hand, has decided upon 154 games, opening on or about April 14 and closing on Oct. 6 or 7. If these plans are adhered to the week usually allotted to the world's series, directly following the close of the American league season, will be out of the question, so that if a world's series is played at all it will have to begin after Oct. 15, when the weather is often entirely too cold for ball playing.

The action of the National league in adopting the 168 game plan is causing much speculation and gossip. The plan was suggested by Ebbets of Brooklyn and Murphy of Chicago and was adopted unanimously at the meeting. It was glibly announced with no explanations, and the magnates when asked to give a reason said they were in a hurry to catch trains.

American Would Be Idle.

It is believed to be a sure thing that the American league will not recede from its present position, and it is also a certainty that the team winning the American league pennant would decline to take part in a world's series after remaining idle six or seven days while the National league champions were finishing their part of the schedule. Idleness of that kind, it is thought, would prove injurious, so that the American league champions would enter a belated world's series at a big disadvantage. In fact, it is argued, it would be sheer folly for them to submit to a test with a rival team keyed up to concert pitch.

The fact that the Cubs and Pirates have both won world's championships for the National League in the last two years is taken to mean that the magnates in the old organization are not trying to dodge the issue, fearing the result. But those who have been digging under the surface say that the National league men had other motives, hitherto concealed. In disclosing the facts therefore a former major league manager said:

Greed and Jealousy.

"Greed and jealousy have something to do with the case. Last fall when the owners of the Pittsburghs and Detroiters were dividing his money accruing from the world's series other club owners turned green with envy. While the Pirates and Tigers were playing nine games the ball parks of 14 other major league clubs got nothing. But the latter had to pay salaries to their players up to Oct. 15 just the same, which was a hardship.

"Rather than remain idle again next year during the same period in October therefore the magnates, with one or two exceptions, are willing to do away with the world's series in order to gather in every dollar in sight just as long as it is possible."

"Then there's another reason which is based upon fact. The much talked of umpire bribery scandal has been a bitter pill for the magnates to swallow. Not until this mess was

uncovered a year ago was there the slightest ground for suspicion that baseball was not on the square.

Cleaned Out in 1876.

"When the National league drove out the crooks in 1876 the sport was made absolutely clean, and because of the unswerving confidence of the baseball public the game developed into a great industry. But when rumors were rife that certain players had received money to lie down and an umpire had been asked to accept a \$2,500 bribe to render dishonest decisions, several club owners decided to call a halt, but they did not have enough backing to carry out their idea.

"The ticket scalping scandal in Chicago was another hard knock, and the charges made publicly against one of the umpires in the world's series last fall—which, of course, were groundless—further increased the smoldering opposition to the world's championship.

"As Brooklyn stands practically no chance of winning the pennant next year, Ebbets had nothing to lose when he advocated the 168-game schedule, and was readily supported by Murphy, who probably feels that the Cubs will have a hard time beating the champion Pirates out in future.

"The present state of affairs, therefore, can be attributed to the general desire for gate receipts, for out of the sixteen major league clubs not more than four or five have chances to take part in the world's series of 1910. If the magnates really cared for the comfort of players and fans they would adopt 140-game schedules, which would open the championship races about May 1. But they are not built that way, and are conducting the national game not as a sport, but wholly as a huge amusement enterprise."

RAILROAD NOTES

Engineer Joe Randall left Saturday night for Athens, O., where he was called by the death of his sister. He was accompanied by Mrs. Randall.

Clayton Hopewell, of the store-keeping department, returned this morning from Olney, Ill., after spending Christmas with relatives.

Master Mechanic J. H. Nash went to Fulton this morning to attend a meeting of the divisions officials.

Division Storekeeper U. H. Clark returned this morning from Natchez, Miss.

Charles Seamon, a machinist, has returned from Cincinnati, where he spent Christmas.

Trainmaster T. A. Downs returned yesterday from Terre Haute, where he spent Christmas. Mrs. Downs will not return until next week.

Joe Walker, master mechanic, has returned to East St. Louis, after spending Christmas with relatives. Cards have been received by railroad officials announcing the marriage of Miss Daisy M. Humphrey and Mr. August P. Blaess at the home of the bride in Detroit, December 20. The marriage was not a surprise to the many friends of Mr. Blaess in the city, although the date of the marriage was not known until cards announcing the marriage were received Christmas day. Mr. and Mrs. Blaess will reside in Louisville and after February 1 will be at home at 728 West Chestnut street.

The bride is a pretty young woman of Detroit. Mr. Blaess is the roadmaster of the Louisville division of the Illinois Central railroad, a position he has held for three years. His headquarters are in Louisville, but his duties bring him to Paducah frequently, and he is well known in the city. Mr. Blaess is a graduate of the University of Michigan.

The clear tobacco are grown mostly in New England, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Wisconsin, though there is a considerable and rapidly increasing production of this type in Georgia, Florida and Texas. The tobacco used for chewing, smoking, snuff and export are produced most heavily in Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia and South Carolina.

Dead men tell no tales, but their historians frequently do.

BIBLE INSTITUTE PROGRAM NAMED

WILL BE HELD AT THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

List of Prominent Clergymen Who Will Speak During Week.

MEMORIAL PRAYER MEETING

Programs for the Bible Institute, which will be held at the First Baptist church and city Baptist churches, will be issued this week. The institute will be held January 23-30, and it promises to be even more successful this year than it was last year. During the day the lectures will be delivered at the First church, but in the evening during the week the visiting ministers will be assigned to other Baptist churches in the city. Two lectures will be delivered in the morning and two lectures in the afternoon.

The Rev. M. E. Dodd, pastor of the First Baptist church, arranged the program and he has secured a number of prominent Baptist speakers, among whom are: J. W. Porter, editor of the Western Recorder; S. J. Porter, field secretary of the foreign mission board, or Richmond, Va.; Victor J. Masters, editorial secretary of the Home Mission board, of Atlanta; Dr. H. W. Virgin, pastor of the First Baptist church at Jackson, Tenn.; and Dr. G. Savage, professor of the chair of psychology and Hebrew at the Union university at Jackson, Tenn. Last year each lecture was attended by large audiences and no doubt with new speakers this year the attendance will be larger.

Memorial Service.

Wednesday evening at the last prayer meeting of 1909, a memorial service for the departed members of the church will be held. During the year six members of the congregation have died, and their memory will be revived with a few words on their lives. The service will be impressive.

Five additions resulted from the two services yesterday. In the morning Dr. Dodd preached on "Paul's Last Words" and there were four additions. In the evening his theme was "Opening the Books" and at the close there was one profession of faith. The library of heaven was discussed in a strong sermon by Dr. Dodd, who named the books as: Members, words, deeds, tears, remembrance, course, future events and life.

Wednesday evening at the close of the prayer meeting the building fund committee will meet for the purpose of completing definite plans for the raising of the fund for erecting a new church. There are 58 members of the committee, and at the meeting permanent results are expected.

CLAIM NOTICE

McCracken Circuit Court.
A. C. Mitchell, adm. of J. H. Deboe, deceased, plaintiff,
vs: Equity.

Ordered that this action be referred to Cecil Reed, Master Commissioner of the McCracken Circuit Court, to take proof of assets and liabilities of the estate of J. H. Deboe, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to properly verify and file the same, before said commissioner, on or before the 26th day of February, 1910, or they will be forever barred from asserting any claim against the assets in the hands of A. C. Mitchell, administrator of said estate unadministered. And all persons are hereby enjoined and restrained from collecting their claims against said estate except through this suit, and it is ordered that this order be published in The Paducah Daily Sun as required by law.

Given under my hand, as Clerk of the McCracken Circuit Court, this 23 day of December, 1909.
J. A. MILLER, Clerk.
By R. B. HAYS, D. C.
Campbell & Campbell, attorneys.

Don't Mortgage the Morrow

to pay your expenses of today—or mortgage your family's future comfort that you may enjoy yourself in the present. Spend as you go if you will, but not until you have first put by a portion of your income for the protection of your family. A recurring premium payment on an Equitable Policy will protect them and leave you a working balance for your pleasures. Lift the mortgage on the morrow by acting today.

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Addition to Navy of Officers, Men and Ship Form Important Question

Washington, Dec. 27. (United Press.)—In the development of the navy the United States has reached a point at which it is necessary for congress to stop and consider.

It is no longer a question of building battleships, but a question of manning them. Already the navy has 45,000 men, but the number is insufficient to man the ships now at sea and those that are soon to go into commission. To secure a crew for the Michigan, which will soon join the Atlantic fleet, it was necessary to place the New York in reserve. On the Pacific coast there are two cruisers, the Milwaukee and Charleston which have but a single crew. When one goes to sea the other must remain fast to the dock. To keep them all in trim the navy has adopted the policy of taking them out in turn.

Within the next few months three battleships, in addition to the Michigan, will be ready to join the fleet. These are the South Carolina, a sister ship of the Michigan, and the two giant battleships, North Dakota and Delaware. These will require a complement of at least 800 men each, and at the present time there are none in sight. To place them in commission it will be necessary to reduce the crews on the ships now afloat, or place three of the four new battleships in reserve.

The same condition prevails in all the fleets of the navy. More than a dozen submarines and torpedo boat destroyers have been added to the reserve list during the past summer and if ordered back in commission again they would be undermanned unless congress should take steps to supply the shortage.

The additional number of men needed will require an increase in the pay list of approximately \$300,000 annually, representing the increase on \$6,000,000.

To overcome this condition, at least in time of war, congress will probably be called upon to place the naval militia on the same basis as the state national guards bear to the army. The federal government will be asked to supply equipment and bear the expense of summer maneuvers while the militia will be made subject to the call of the president.

This question is now in the hands of Commander C. C. Marsh, who is perfecting a plan by which the militia will have opportunity for sufficient practice during the summer maneuvers to enable them to man the guns

of the battleships. This latter requires expert knowledge.

Without a trained reserve, in case of war, the navy would be helpless in manning the ships which are now in reserve. The civilian blue jackets have shown remarkable aptitude in handling the guns and have made excellent target records where they have been given an opportunity.

It is believed that a scheme for taking off one-fourth the regular crew of battleships and replacing them by militia, allowing the trained men to take charge of the ships in reserve, will be practicable.

IN METROPOLIS

Miss Ethel Stephenson is home from Lebanon, where she is attending college.

Melville Stewart is home from Chattanooga to spend the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. James Enloe are spending the holidays with Mr. Enloe's parents. Mr. and Mrs. John Enloe, Mr. Enloe is an engineer on a steam shovel and says anywhere he is, is home.

Miss Myrtle King is spending Xmas at Herrin the guest of Miss India Time.

Word has been received that Uncle Ike Casey died last Sunday at Fredricktown, Mo. Mr. Casey resided here for years and but recently went to Missouri to spend the winter with his brother. All of his own family are dead.

The delivery horse of Frank Freeze ran away Wednesday and demolished his delivery wagon.

Homer Leonard, Ed Brown and Lloyd Helm are home from the state university for Xmas.

L. H. Wilson is visiting at Wichita, Kansas.

Metropolis will hold an election in the Fourth ward January 20, to fill the vacancy of W. P. Haynes, resigned.

E. G. Thompson and wife, of Eldon, Okla., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. Thompson.

Thomas Proudley, of Cass county, is visiting his brother, F. C. Proudley.

Miss Minnie Cheney, a very charming young lady, has returned to her home at Rosebud, after quite a visit with Miss Myrtle King.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bonville and son Lavelle, of Lookout Mountain, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Willie Ward.

Will Kraper transacted business in Paducah Tuesday.

Mrs. Emma Pesold, of St. Louis, and Mrs. Maud Bachman, of Lebanon, are spending Xmas with their mother, Mrs. Ellen Quante.

Will McClusky, of Marion, is transacting business here.

Homer Benham was taken to the state school this week by Oscar Miller.

Mrs. Florence Baker has returned from an extended visit to St. Louis. School stopped Thursday for the holidays to give the teachers, who live out of town, a chance to spend Christmas at home.

Mrs. Margaret Ward is home from school to spend Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Ward.

"About the most economical correspondence I've heard of," remarked Assistant Postmaster Ray Floyd, "were two women who stopped at a window downstairs the other day and wanted to know if it would be all right if they both were to write to a friend on the same postal card, and thus save a cent."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Heavy traffic will cut away a wooden pavement about one inch in five years.

MRS. FORD GOES ON TRIAL TODAY

INDICTMENT CHARGES HER WITH RECEIVING MONEY.

Denies She Received Money From Big Four Treasurer and Claims She Has Not Spent Fortune.

SENSATIONS ARE EXPECTED

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 27.—Charged with having received stolen money and with blackmail, Mrs. Jeannette Stewart Ford will be placed on trial in this city today. Charles L. Warriner, the convicted local treasurer of the Big Four Railroad company, in whose accounts there was a shortage of \$643,000, is scheduled to be the star witness in the hearing before Criminal Court Judge Woodhouse.

Warriner, who on last Wednesday pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary on the charge of embezzlement, ate his Christmas dinner in a cell in the county jail here, his entrance into the prison at Columbus being deferred to permit him to be used as a witness in the trial of the indictments against Mrs. Stewart-Ford, "the woman in the case."

Mrs. Stewart-Ford, both individually and through her counsel, has announced that she will fight to the limit the indictments against her, and she has broadly hinted at revelations of a startling nature. There is, as a consequence, widespread interest and expectancy with reference to this phase of the case. There is likewise no lack of interest regarding Warriner's testimony, inasmuch as he has not yet told his story on the witness stand.

Mrs. Stewart-Ford is described as a woman of exceedingly prepossessing personal appearance. As the daughter of the late Martin Timmons, a Portsmouth, O., manufacturer, she inherited a fortune of \$50,000 some ten years or more ago, and since that time she also inherited a comfortable fortune upon the death of an aunt.

Mrs. Stewart-Ford, immediately before her arrest, declared that she had not parted with all of this money, but it is understood that the prosecution will attempt to show that her fortune was entirely gone several years ago and that since that time she has derived her only revenues from Warriner, of whose shortage she is alleged to have been cognizant and from whom she is alleged to have obtained money as late as the month of October of the present year.

One of the indictments to be called for trial today alleges that Warriner, on a certain date in that month, paid her the sum of \$1,000, and it is on this indictment that she is charged with knowingly receiving stolen money.

GAS EXPLOSION IN MINE

Seven Men Killed, Including Civil Engineer and His Helpers.

Herrin, Ill., Dec. 27.—A gas explosion in mine A of the Chicago & Carterville Coal company, in this city, at noon yesterday, killed seven men, among them the civil engineer and his helpers.

The dead are: George Snyder, aged twenty, single.

Salvatore Grecco, aged twenty-two, single.

Pietro Romeo, aged eighteen.

W. T. Pierce, civil engineer, aged thirty-two, married.

Eugene Barrett, aged eighteen.

Tom Williams, aged forty, married.

An unknown boy, who was helping the surveyor.

It is supposed the explosion was caused by the surveyor and his party walking into an old worked-out room which had gas, and which was set off by the lamps they carried.

The bodies of Pierce, his two helpers, Eugene Barrett and the unknown lad and Tom Williams have not been recovered. Gas is still bad in that portion of the mine where the explosion occurred, and a crew of men have been working for hours trying to fan back the gas and recover the bodies, which are known to be lifeless.

Absent-Minded.

Francis Wilson declares that an electrician who lives in New Rochelle is the most absent-minded man in the world. Mr. Wilson's door bell got out of order and refused to ring. Meeting the electrician, who was also a friend, he asked him to call and make the repairs. Several days afterward he reminded him that the matter had not been attended to, and inquired when he could find it convenient to look in after it. The electrician explained:

"I called at your home the same day you asked me and rang your door bell again and again, and nobody paid the slightest attention to me."

According to the London hospital, some English physicians are ordering patients to eat oysters that have been soaked in sea water, as a cure for dyspepsia and tuberculosis.

Sewing on buttons is not a wifely duty in Japan—there are no buttons.

TAFT DEFINES WORD "WHISKY"

AND TELLS HOW MANUFACTURERS ARE TO LABEL.

Taft's Decision Opposite of Dr. Wiley's—What a Blend Is to Whisky.

ALSO WHAT IS CALLED RUM.

Washington, Dec. 27.—The definition of the word "whisky" by the highest American legal authority was given today when President Taft rendered his final decision on the subject in connection with the construction of the pure food law with reference to labeling. The president held that whisky made of neutral spirits is whisky when reduced to potable strength.

The president gave directions for the proper handling of the various varieties of liquor, holding among other things, that Canadian whisky and whisky made from a mixture of "straight" whisky and "neutral spirits" may be called a blend.

According to instructions under this decision "straight whiskies" will hereafter be branded as such, but the brand may be accompanied by the legend "Aged in wood," and whisky made from rectified, distilled or neutral spirits will be branded so as to make known the principal ingredient. In addition if they so desire, manufacturers of straight whisky may also use the word "bourbon" or "rye" as the facts may warrant.

The definition of "blends" is not made broad enough to include spirits made from molasses and reduced to potable strength. This article, the president says, cannot be labelled whisky; it is rum.

"These," he says, "who make whisky of 'rectified,' 'redistilled' or 'neutral' spirits, cannot complain if, in order to prevent further frauds, they are required to use a brand which shall show exactly the kind of whisky they are selling."

"For that reason it seems to me fair to require them to brand their product as 'whisky made from rectified spirits' or 'whisky made from redistilled spirits' or 'whisky made from neutral spirits' as the case may be; and if used in wood, they may add this fact."

"The public will be made to know exactly the kind of whisky they buy and drink," says the president.

The decision follows the lines of the conclusion reached by the royal commission of Great Britain and reverses the verdict of Dr. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry.

DECEASED SOLDIERS

LEAVE PROPERTY WITHOUT NAMES OF KNOWN HEIRS.

United States Judge Will Hand Down Decision of Great Importance

United States District Judge Thompson is expected to hand down a decision in the course of the next few days, in a case described as one of tremendous importance in all communities where soldiers and sailors' homes are located, says the Cincinnati Times-Star. It is the case of the estates of deceased soldiers and sailors of the United States who died without issue and without heirs.

Twelve hundred unclaimed estates of soldiers and sailors who died in the National Soldiers' Home, Dayton, are now in the hands of the United States government. The value of these estates is nearly \$2,000,000. Suit was instituted by United States Commissioner F. W. Howell of the Dayton district to cause the estates to revert to the country of Montgomery on the ground that the decedents were citizens of Montgomery county, where they voted at all elections. The suit was resisted on the grounds that the soldiers and sailors were and are wards of the government, and that they managed to accumulate estates largely by reason of that wardship. The issue was argued by the attorneys of both sides before United States Judge Thompson last December, and the court, it is stated, will soon hand down his decision.

United States Commissioner Howell saw Judge Thompson about the matter. He will draw \$75 for each of the estates that revert to the country in case the court rules that the estates belong to the county, and with a percentage of each he will be richer to the tune of about \$20,000 if the case goes his way.

To get rock for the Morena dam in southern California, one of the biggest blasting operations on record has just been successfully carried out. A tunnel 125 feet long was first driven into the face of the granite. In this chamber was placed 38,250 pounds of powder and dynamite. This was exploded by electric fuses, and dislodged 120,000 cubic yards of rock.—Engineering Record.

SPLIT WEEK AT STAR THEATRE

JOE DESBERGER, Manager.

"Split-Week" means three acts for the first part of the week and an entire change of acts and actors for the last part of the week. In the future, commencing

Monday, Dec. 27

two shows will be booked for each week, instead of one show.

PROGRAM

For Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

First
Moving Pictures

Second
Nellie Baker
Irish Monologue and Singing Act.

Third
Bosworth & Otto
Comedy Clown and Pantomime Jugglers and Comedians.

Fourth
Picture Ballad
Sung by Frank Long.

Fifth
Speary & Ray
In "Billie's Girl," a great Comedy Sketch.

Sixth
Moving Pictures

PROGRAM

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday

First
Moving Pictures

Second
Leonard C. Long
"Laughologist."

Third
"Mathis Duo"
Singers and Dancers.

Fourth
Picture Ballad
Sung by Frank Long.

Fifth
Prof. Boyton's
Great Canine Circus

Sixth
Motion Pictures

ALL FOR 10 CENTS

NEWS FORECAST FOR THE WEEK

NICARAGUAN SITUATION MAIN NEWS ITEM.

Whereabouts of Cook and Fight For Estate of Leopold II. Will Find Dispatches From Europe.

CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD

Washington, Dec. 27.—Congress and many important courts are in recess and business operations are partially suspended this week.

Even Nicaragua is quieter than for weeks, following the overwhelming revolutionist victory and the flight of Zelaya.

Interest in the Nicaraguan situation is now divided between Zelaya's movements and the efforts of Madrid to unite the warring factions of the republic. It is not likely that the revolutionists will lay aside their arms without great concessions, which may include the deposition of the entire present administration.

A gathering of scholars will be

the convention feature in New York this week. On Monday President Taft will welcome the leaders of ten learned societies, embracing some 8,000 members. The gathering will mark the twenty-fifth anniversary of the American Historical Association and American Economic Association.

Efforts to settle the southwestern strike in the northwest will continue. Governor Everhart of Minnesota, will ask the representatives of the railroad and the union to meet him in St. Paul today.

The fate of college football may be decided at the annual meeting of the Intercollegiate Athletic association in New York Tuesday. Changes in rules to make the game safer undoubtedly will be made.

European dispatches during the week may deal with the legal complications over the rich estate of the late king of the Belgians and the whereabouts of Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

Her Ready Reply.

A good story is going the rounds about a drummer and a pretty waitress. Here is what happened, according to the report:

The dapper little traveling man glanced at the menu and then looked at the pretty waitress. "Nice day, little one," he began.

"Yes, it is," she answered, "and so was yesterday, and my name is Ella, and I know I'm a little peach, and have pretty blue eyes, and I've been here quite a while and like the place, and I don't think I'm too nice a girl

to be working in a hotel; if I did I'd quit my job; and my wages are satisfactory; and I don't know if there is a show or dance in town tonight, and if there is I shall not go with you, and I'm from the country, and I'm a respectable girl, and my brother is cook in this hotel, and he weighs 200 pounds, and last week he wiped up this dining room floor with a fresh \$50-a-month traveling man who tried to make a date with me. Now, what'll you have?"

The dapper little traveling man said he was not very hungry, and a cup of coffee and some hot cakes would do.

On the Broadway.

"I notice that Miss Dostants never carries an umbrella."

"No, she's shady enough as it is."

"What did your wife do when you complained of the dinner being cold?"

"She made it hot for me."

"Forget all your love troubles, old man."

"Why?"

"I want you to listen to mine."

"Slow down (after introduction)—I beg your pardon, Miss. I didn't catch your name!"

Miss Portleigh—That's queer. Why it's epidemic!—Young's Magazine.

The man who can laugh when he isn't amused is always popular.

A few of us ever get old enough to know better.

Good

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Means the right matter, properly arranged and properly printed on the right kind of stock.

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MONDAY, DECEMBER 27.

CIRCULATION GUARANTEED.

November, 1909 6700
November, 1908 5052
Increase 1640

Daily Thought.

Blessed is he who has found his work; let him ask no other blessedness; he has a life purpose.
—Thomas Carlyle.

Now, for some good resolutions.

The Good Fellows are happy. It was a merry Christmas.

Efforts are being made to abolish the forward pass. This is one the interstate commerce commission overlooked.

President Taft told "what is whisky" Saturday night. Few people, who had made an investigation of the question Christmas day, could tell whisky from anything else that was liquid by night.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Chicago papers, purporting to bear the stamp of inside information, feature a plan of the eastern and New England congressmen to elect M. E. Ohmstead, of Harrisburg, Pa., speaker of the house to succeed Cannon. There is much changing of front in political maneuvers, as companies are formed into battalions, and battalions into regiments, regiments into brigades, brigades into divisions, divisions into corps and corps into armies. These newspaper men may be watching the brigade formation of the majority of the lower house. They may be real students of political chemistry observing a nascent third party.

There are dangerous elements in every big majority in a legislative body, composed of ambitious men. (Democratic majority in the Kentucky general assembly take warning.) The insurgent Republicans of the house, feeling assured of the sentiment of their home people, have rebelled against party discipline and put themselves squarely on record against the organization of congress. They compose a violent handful, of scarcely sufficient numerical strength to wield much influence in a caucus, and yet too strong individually and too openly defiant to ever unite with that element known as reactionary. Indeed, they have educated their own constituents to the viciousness of that element and apparent surrender to it would ruin them at home. Consequently, the suggestion of a reactionary for speaker would spell ruin for the middle western congressmen and possibly the Republican majority.

If the Democrats should join with the insurgents in opposing Cannonism in the house, Henry Watterson's prophecy of a third party uniting the west and south against the east might easily be foreseen by eyes of shorter vision.

We trust and believe President Taft realizes the strength of the sentiment in the middle west; for the great plains country, extending from the Alleghenies and the south Atlantic seaboard to the Rocky mountains, comprises the United States in all that is best in men, measures and morals.

The methods of President Taft, as contrasted with the methods of President Roosevelt, also, are on trial; for though politics is politics in a small way, national elections reflect the honest sentiment of the people for the time. Each section, to be sure, has its own ends to subserve. The Atlantic seaboard has its European trade, and New England its manufacturing industries; the middle states want their water highways improved; the southwest wants irrigation; the mountains are interested in water power, coal and timber regulations; the Pacific coast in the navy and merchant marine, and all sections in control of corporations and railroads.

The warring elements of congress, by reason of their common danger may be forced to unite on these measures for the benefit of all the people; and the popularity of the program may keep that party in power, which has been able to meet all popular demands in it.

The split may be just what is necessary to enable President Taft to carry out those policies, which President Roosevelt inaugurated. That Roosevelt could be able to so split his own majority in the congress and set faction against faction in differences arising from fundamental policies of government, and yet insure the election of his successor by a remarkable majority together with an overwhelming majority to

support him in congress, reflects both on the genius of the man, who read the people aright, and the marvelous ineffectiveness of the opposition party.

Roosevelt fought the dominant element in the congress and he was responsible for the insurrection against Cannonism. Cannon regained control through the inability of the Democrats to hold their men in line in the face of plunder. When Taft speaks the word, the revolt will be complete; but President Taft cares nothing, we believe, for the success of this or that particular political element as a matter of politics. He keeps his eye on the serious business of government and desires only to carry out his program of policies. If that can be done best with Cannon in the chair, let it be Cannon; if best with the insurgents in control, let it be the insurgents.

The main thing for the country is not whether Joe Cannon or Victor Murdock shall run things at Washington; it is whether the conservation of resources, the improvement of the water ways, the building up of the merchant marine, control of interstate commerce corporations and common carriers, and economy of administration shall be secured.

ZELAYANISM.

Zelaya has escaped abroad a Mexican war vessel and will make his way to Europe, where he will live in royal retirement on the millions he has been laying by in continental banks against that inevitable rainy day in Central America. Thus another murderer and buccaneer escapes his deserts.

Secretary of State Knox declared the United States would demand, not only amends from the government of Nicaragua, but justice meted out to those personally responsible for the cruel murder of American citizens. That statement shocked Mexico, as well as her Latin-American sisters. The shock came to those, who are in temporary power to the south of us. They have deposits in the same European institutions with the same object in view, and it may be necessary for them to hack the heads off a few American citizens in hewing their way to the seacoast. Yet, we believe the announcement of the secretary of state may ring in their ears and give them pause, lest the next time we might take an active hand in the warfare and capture them before they get away.

Zelaya represents a type of adventurer, common in South and Central America, yet little understood. The statement of Secretary Knox, tacitly declining to recognize Zelaya as the head of a responsible government, but regarding him as a buccaneer, comes nearest to the true measure of the situation.

Those men, organize a mongrel horde of freebooters, half Indian, and half Spanish, Portuguese or something else as good, and when the situations are ripe swoop down on the strategic positions and drive the government out of the country. Then the head of the band becomes "president", and his minions hold the subordinate offices. Everything in the country must contribute. The "president" becomes chief stockholder in the biggest concerns, and all his concerns become monopolies. Imports and exports pay duties to him, and citizens pay tribute to protect their lives. Most of the people are only half civilized, communication is irregular, illiteracy the rule, and the publications controlled by the "president". His rule is more absolute than that of any European monarch or eastern potentate. But, while the people are ignorant, indolent, careless and used to tyranny, they are also used to revolt. Consequently, after the buccaneer in authority becomes tiresome, another arises and heads a successful revolt, while the retiring "president" makes his get-away to Europe.

The question of what shall we do with our ex-presidents does not bother Latin-America.

However, occasionally, as in the case of Zelaya, the "president" violates the laws of nations and murders or robs citizens of another country. What redress is there? Zelaya murdered two Americans. He has escaped. This country demands reparation. The penalty does not fall on Zelaya or his government; but on the men on whose side the Americans were fighting. The fact that the new government of Nicaragua would have to pay for the crimes, which he had committed, would only add to the enjoyment of Zelaya.

If this government takes a hand on the assumption that the heads of those governments are adventurers, who for a brief time have seized control of the strong boxes of the nations, political reforms may follow fast in Latin-America.

KENTUCKY KERNELS.

Louisville policeman kills man.
John Jobe, Graves county, dies.
Dr. J. R. Collier, Louisville dies.
John Cornwell, Graves county, dies.
Mrs. Fannie Chowning dies at Versailles.
Louis Kaiser, Louisville, commits suicide.
George Sames, Fulton, negro, burned to death.
Leon D. Smith, Hickman, dies of consumption.
J. P. Enoch and Mabel Oliver marry at Mayfield.
Mrs. Ora Arnold, Boyle county, burned to death.
Hester Brittain and Lee Rucker, Fulton, to marry.
Miss Orna James, captures burglar at Henderson.
James Montjoy, young farmer, killed by train in Bath.
Jerry Martin, 16, drowned while skating at Louisville.
Squire Phillips, escapes from Stanford jail, by sawing bars.

With Magazines

"Five years ago there were sixty-two men and only three of us girls. The boys made us work regular sweat-shop hours, and the pay was very bad. So we girls wanted to start a union. Well, the sixty-two men—being cowards—only grinned. Then what happened? The boys found that girls could run the machines as well as men, and he thought women would be meek and take even lower pay. So he put in more girls. He kept at it till now only three men are left! But we girls were not meek at all! We started our union; we have made him let us out every night at six o'clock, and raise our wages to over seven dollars a week! And now—she smiled a cruel, mocking smile at the three men in the corner, and added sweetly: "We girls are so strong we can protect our three men. We have shortened their hours too, and raised their wages."

"Poor things!"—Ernest Poole, in January Everybody's Magazine.

The salient article of the January Century is easily Mr. Walter Camp's chatty dissection of "Personality in Football," in which he asks and answers the pertinent question, "Are our boys trained to set up a false standard of hero-worship?"

Entirely different in theme, yet also on an important question of current interest, is the "Study of the New Plan of Chicago," with remarks on city-planning in general, by Charles W. Elliot, president-elect of the National City Planning Association.

John Kimberly Mumford's authoritative article on "The Passing of the Antique Ring" is notable for its illustrations.

There are two notable names of writers of fiction in the January Century—May Sinclair and Edith Wharton.

The January number of Smith's Magazine offers an unusually fine selection of holiday reading. It will take all your fingers and thumbs to count the good stories, and then there will be a few attractions left over to jot down on your cuff. The complete novel by Elmore Elliott Peake, called "Wells Without Water," is a wonderfully interesting story of racial handicap.

People's for January lists twenty-one stories on its contents page. The stories are of the greatest possible variety, ranging from the ever-popular detective tale to an unusual story of Wall Street. The list of authors' names includes many prominent writers of the best class of fiction, and the wide diversity of the stories makes the magazine good reading for both men and women.

The January number of Gunter's Magazine, from first page to last, is chockfull of entertaining fiction of unusual quality. The complete novel in this issue, "Queen Sally's War," by Charles E. Hurlbloom, abounds in unique situation and a fine type of humor.

A writer new to popular readers—Robert Rind Whiting—makes his bow in the first January issue, now on the stands. He has written, for that number a complete novel, "The King's Club," in which he introduces us to a funny aggregation of would-be kings. The theme is original, and there is a vein of delightful humor running through it all that will be vastly appreciated.

The ancient legend of the Lorelei appears in new and even more romantic form in the novelette bearing that title in the January Smart Set. This story is a delightful piece of work, the scenes being laid in Florence, Paris and the Rhine country, and the atmosphere of these various sections is well brought out. "The Lorelei," as it appears in the Smart Set, is a distinct literary feature.

The leading story in The Red Hook Magazine for January is a singularly human and appealing tale by Hamilla Garland told in the manner that long since established Mr. Garland in the front rank of America's really great fiction writers. Its title is "A Short Line Romance." A second story turning upon an international marriage is "The Wrenth." A powerful specimen of dramatic writing by Gouverneur Morris.

With the dawn of the new year, the magazine world puts its best

Shoe Repairing

Quickly, Neatly
Done at
Rudy's

Phone 102, and we send for and deliver work promptly. : : : :
Men's shoes, half sole and heel, sewed or peg \$1.00
Women's, sewed or peg 50c
Women's sole and heel 75c
Ladies' turned sole \$1.00

Rudy's

foot forward, and proceeds to fulfill promises made in enticing forecasts of good things to come. One of the most interesting of these 1910 publications is the January Lippincott's, which doesn't at all suffer by comparison with its attention-attracting Christmas issue. The complete novel is "The Heaven of the Unexpected," by Lucy Mearns Thurston. A most important feature is the first of a series of articles on "What is Wrong with Our Public Schools." The author is Joseph M. Rogers, who some time ago contributed a series called "Educating Our Boys" to this magazine.

The January number of "Success Magazine" opens with a big political feature entitled "The End of Cannonism," by J. C. Welliver. "Business Control of the Press, the Parties and the Government" is the second of a series of articles by Charles Edward Russell under the general title, "The Power Behind the Republic." How the negro faces the problem of marriage is shown by Harris Dickson in "The Negro's Idea of Marriage." "Fighting Faces of Our Senators," by Sloane Gordon is illustrated with interesting caricatures by Vet Anderson. This number contains a consensus of the opinion of 12,000 life subscribers on political questions of the day, analyzed under the general heading, "Is Taft Leader or Follower of His Party?"

McClure's Magazine for January is a very attractive number with timely articles, entertaining fiction, a play, and beautiful illustrations. John E. Lathrop and George Kibbe Turner, in "A Million of Treasures," tell of the discovery of coal in Alaska and the events that led up to the Halliburton-Pinchot controversy. David Soule, author of the "Secrets of the Schenck-Selberg," tells the astonishing story of Eugene Zeff, the Russian spy, who for years acted as leader of the Revolutionary party, being all the while in the pay of the secret police; Xavier Paoli, the French "Guardian of Kings" begins a notable series of recollections of the kings and queens of Europe, the first being "Memories of Elizabeth of Austria," and the story of the Ferrer trial is told with new interest by Percival Gibson, who was on the spot and able to get a close view of Ferrer's work in Spain.

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT.
Every shoe makes you feel better. Lax keeps your whole inside right. Sold on the Money-Back plan every where. Price 50c.

SCORES KILLED

(Continued from Page One.)

the city. More than 10,000 shovellers and 6,000 trucks were called out to remove the snow from the streets.

The two 12-hour Chicago trains were delayed more than seven hours. At 8 o'clock Sunday morning a small tidal wave swept over the city, and a wall of water flooded many cellars. Two vessels were driven ashore near Quarantine station on Staten Island.

The coastwise freight steamer Thurman, laden with coal, ran ashore off Toms river, New Jersey, and remained hard and fast aground. Her officers and crew of 22 men in all were taken off by life savers.

Three deaths in the city were charged to the severity of the storm.

Philadelphia Suffers.
Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—A snow fall of 16 inches, which drifted in places to 10 feet or more, completely tied up for hours all the steam and trolley traffic in this vicinity.

The snow fall since Saturday morning until noon yesterday broke all records, the weather bureau announcing an actual fall of 22 inches. The high wind caused it to drift to a depth of more than 10 feet.

The Pennsylvania railroad abandoned traffic temporarily between Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Washington.

Two More Deaths.
New York, Dec. 27.—Two additional deaths due to the storm were reported last night.

Cleveland Snow-Bound.
Cleveland, O., Dec. 27.—The heaviest snow fall in seven years has impeded traffic in Cleveland, leaving many outlying sections practically snow-bound.

President Storm Stayed.
Washington, Dec. 27.—On account of a storm which is the most severe since the inauguration day, and has tied up the railroad traffic here, President Taft today cancelled his engagement to appear in New York to speak today. Trains are from fifteen to thirty hours late, the yards are blocked and passengers are unable to get away. The streets are covered with heavy snow.

Spain Flood Report.
Madrid, Dec. 27.—Incomplete returns from the flood swept provinces of Spain today indicate the minimum death toll is 500 to 600. A freeze followed the flood and suffering is acute. The government is doing what it can to relieve the suffering; but is handicapped by the washing out of miles of railroad, cutting off communication. The banks of the Guadalquivir river is strewn with corpses.

IF IT'S ONLY A HEADACHE.
Why Corsonell's Headache Liver Pills will cure that. 10 cents. Guaranteed by all druggists.

AUDITORIUM RINK OPEN ALL WEEK. ADMISSION FREE.

J. T. HOPPER

DIES AT HIS HOME AT BANDANA SATURDAY.

Was brought to Paducah and Sent to Milan, Tennessee, for Burial.

Mr. J. T. Hopper, 67 years old, died at his home at Bandana, Ky., Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock after a short illness of pneumonia. The body was brought to Paducah and taken to Nance & Rogers' undertaking parlors, where it was embalmed yesterday. This morning at 4 o'clock the body was sent to Milan, Tenn., where the funeral and burial will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Hopper was a widely known resident of Bandana and was a widower.

Willie Dunlap.
Willie, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Dunlap, of Ashcraft avenue, died Saturday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock after a three days' illness of pneumonia. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock this morning and burial at Oak Grove cemetery.

Mrs. Sarah Waltman.
Mrs. Sarah P. Waltman, of Massac, Ky., died Saturday morning at 9 o'clock of pneumonia after a short illness. She was 42 years of age and was a sister of Mr. G. W. Humpus, of that place. The funeral was held at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, the Rev. W. J. Naylor officiating. Burial was at the Massac church cemetery. The deceased was well known and leaves many friends. She is survived by a brother, Mr. G. W. Humpus, one sister, Mrs. Robert McCage, her father, Mr. G. W. Humpus, Sr., and one daughter, Miss Hattie Waltman, all of Massac.

Killed By Train.
Mayfield, Ky., Dec. 27.—Luther Simon, 54 years old, was instantly killed by fast passenger train No. 101 of the Illinois Central railroad Friday night. The train arrived in Mayfield at 7 o'clock from Paducah, and Simon walked out from a box car in front of the approaching engine. Before he realized his peril he was struck and killed.

Eloise Irion.
Eloise, the four-year-old daughter of the Rev. Dr. Wilt Irion and Mrs. Irion, of Jackson, Tenn., died last Friday afternoon at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. McGlathery, of 225 North Seventh street, after a short illness of brain fever. The little girl had come here to spend Christmas and her death raised deep sorrow among the family and friends. She was buried Saturday afternoon at Oak Grove cemetery. She was a lovely child and had spent much time here. She was greatly beloved. Mr. Irion was formerly pastor of the Trimble Street Methodist church, Paducah, and Mrs. Irion was Miss Kate McGlathery, of this city.

OLD CITIZEN

THE REV. LEWIS RICE ANSWERS FINAL SUMMONS.

Cumberland Presbyterian Minister, Who Had Lived in County 70 Years.

One of McCracken county's oldest residents died Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock. He was the Rev. Lewis Rice, 90 years old, a well known Cumberland Presbyterian minister who had resided at his home one mile west of Massac for 70 years. Death was the result of infirmities accompanying old age.

The Rev. Mr. Rice was born in Mulholland county near Greenville on May 9, 1819, and lived there with his parents until he was 11 years of age. He then moved near Massac with his parents where he was reared and became a minister. Mr. Rice came to Paducah on several occasions when a young man and could remember when Paducah was a small village. He often related to his family the time when he had picked blackberries from bushes growing along where Broadway now is with bare streets and business houses. He had been in good health but was very feeble for several years.

Surviving him are seven children, as follows: Mrs. C. H. Hanson, of Paducah; Mrs. A. L. Brewer, of Massac, Mo.; Mrs. John Owen, of Fulton, Ky.; and Messrs. Samuel L. Rice, Moses F. Rice, both of Paducah; James T. Rice, of Massac, and the Rev. Luther Rice, of New Washington, Ind. Mr. Rice also leaves a sister, Mrs. Gohson, of Massac. He had followed the ministry for the past 40 years.

The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence, the Rev. W. J. Naylor officiating. Burial took place in the Rice family cemetery at Massac.

CITY TAX NOTICE.
All city taxes for the year 1909 should be paid this month, as the penalty of ten (10) per cent goes on all delinquents on January 1, 1910. Come now and avoid the rush of the last few days of the month.
GEO. W. WALTERS, Treas.

OFFICERS

ARE ELECTED BY FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Deacons and Elders, Who Will Serve for the Year of 1910.

Officers for the First Christian church were elected yesterday morning for the year 1910. They are as follows: Elders—E. K. Bell, B. G. Boone, H. C. Overby, Dr. H. P. Sights, G. Q. Wallace and C. C. Rose; deacons—Fred Acker, Ernest Bell, W. A. Berry, J. S. Caldwell, W. V. Eaton, Virgil Gifford, E. F. Hamilton, J. T. Householder, F. A. Lucas, J. C. Litterback, J. E. Walker, Dr. H. F. Williamson, John Brooks, Jr., H. L. Donovan, Oscar Starks and Homer Timmons. Mr. Rose was added as a new elder, while the last four are new deacons.

NEWS OF COURTS

Suits Filed in Circuit Court.
W. A. Heron filed suit against C. O. Brown for \$2,500 for alleged slander. In his petition he recites that on October 6 the defendant accused him of getting money under false pretenses.

The Evansville Brewing company filed suit against Sam Bryant for \$50 in cash and a judgment for \$151.04, which is alleged due on a note. Bryant formerly kept a grocery at Eighth and husbands streets.

The Hardy Luggy company filed suit against the Illinois Central railroad company for \$238.25 alleged due for the destruction of a fence which was burned as the result of sparks from a passing locomotive.

J. H. Waddle, administrator of the estate of R. V. Moss and others, filed suit against Hugh Marshall and others for the sale of some property in the county in settling the estate of the late Mr. Moss.

Lottie Leisner and others filed suit against Horner Leisner for a sale of property in the county in settling the estate of the late J. L. Leisner.

Marriage Licenses.
Robert L. Green, 27, of McCracken county, farmer, and Mary H. Joiner, 21, of McCracken county.

T. A. Keel, 23, of McCracken county, farmer, and Hettie Arun, 20, of McCracken county.

Will Johnson, colored, 46, Benton, Tenn., and Lavin Green, colored, 37, Paducah.

L. Cork, colored, 22, of Paducah, and Minnie Majors, colored, 21, of Paducah.

Elmus Wilson, colored, 22, of McCracken county, and Lillie Tutworth, colored, of McCracken county.

In Police Court.
Police Judge Cross had another record breaking session of court this morning, the cases taking up nearly all of the morning. The docket was composed of cases ranging from felonies down to plain drunks. It was as follows:

Drunkennes—Ed Harper, Tom Clark, James Ferguson, J. E. Roughton, B. S. Carr and William Powers, fined \$1 and full costs each.

Breach of peace—Mrs. Sweeney, sentenced to 30 days in the county jail; Henry Holen, dismissed; Lon Wells and Robert Grinner, continued until tomorrow; Frank Senter, dismissed.

Breach of ordinance—Lee Livingston and Taylor Fisher, fined \$5 each on motion of prosecuting attorney; Riley Pittman, fined \$5.

Carrying concealed deadly weapon—Andrew Hoyd, fined \$50 and sentenced to 10 days in the county jail; Jim Offord, continued until Wednesday; Horrie Wilson, fined \$10 and sentenced to 10 days in the county jail.

Furnishing liquor to a minor—Sam Tyler, fined \$50.

Petty larceny—James Avant, dismissed; Joe Murray, continued until tomorrow.

Malleous cutting—Will Butler, continued until Thursday; Jim Offord, continued until Wednesday; Rufus Wyatt, examination waived and held to answer under \$200 bond.

Obtaining money by false pretenses—Henry Johnson, continued until Wednesday.

Grand larceny—H. J. Filipo, continued until Wednesday.

Masonic Notice.

Paducah Lodge No. 127 F. & A. M. will meet in stated, annual meeting tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Fraternal meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Fraternal election and installation of officers for ensuing year. All members urged to be present, and visitors welcome.

O. T. ANDERSON, W. M.
FRED ACKER, Secy.

Surprised Relatives.
Mr. W. P. Bonds, of Elco, Colorado, a brother of Dr. John K. Bonds, is in the city for his first visit since he went west thirty years ago. He came in Christmas eve and apprised his relatives. He will visit Dr. Bonds and other members of his family for a month before returning home. Mr. Bonds owns a ranch in Colorado and is interested in contracting enterprises, in both of which he has been successful.

After Christmas Sale

Ladies' ready-to-wear garments.
Suits, Skirts, Dresses, Waists.
Children's Coats, at Reduced
Prices. NOW is the time to BUY.

At Rudy's

THE LOCAL NEWS

—GET IT AT GILBERT'S.
—Dr. G. B. Prosser has removed to Brookhill Bldg., 4th and Broadway.
—Dr. Gilbert, Osteopath, 642 Broadway. Phone 196.
—Hudson has the seed that will produce a fine lawn, plant now. Brunson, 129 Broadway.
—Rubber stamps, seals, brass stencils, etc., at The Sun office.
—Wall paper bargains: 20,000 rolls at reduced prices to make room for new stock. Kelly & Unhaug, 221 Kentucky avenue.
—Go to Kirschner's to get your Xmas springles and fruit cakes.
—Linen markers for sale at this office.
—The greatest variety of type-writer papers from onion skin to heavy ledgers, and in sizes from half letter to legal, at The Sun office.
—If you appreciate good coffee, visit Buchanan's restaurant, 219 Kentucky avenue. Open day and night.
—Buy your Christmas fruit cake of Henry Hockel, 123 South Third street. Prices reasonable.
—Telephone The Sun office for samples and prices of all kinds of typewriter papers.
—Sign writing. G. R. Sexton, Phone 491.
—The steamer George Cowling resumed for regular trips between Paducah, Brookport and Metropolis, today, and will continue on regular schedule, 11 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.
—The 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Grubbs, of 1117 North Twelfth street, is seriously ill of typhoid pneumonia.
—Mr. Frank L. Welland, city freight and passenger agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad, who is suffering with remittent fever at his home, 416 South Fourth street, is improving.
—The lake at Wallace park is affording skaters much sport. Saturday and Sunday skaters were out skating over the smooth surface, while many enjoy the recreation at night.
—Christmas tree tomorrow night at Union Home Mission.
—Public sale of household goods Wednesday morning 9:30, at 433 Clark street. Mrs. Hook.
—The Albert White, fined in police court Friday, was not the carpenter of Twenty-third and Monroe streets.
—Mrs. Hines Stubbfield, aged 60 years, is in a precarious condition at the residence of Mr. Will Wright, Fourth and Madison streets, suffering with blood poisoning. Mrs.

PIPES

The most complete selection of good pipes in Paducah, all sizes, shapes and prices from

10c to \$15.00

The line embraces French Briars, Genuine Meerschaums and the remarkable African Chinshish, made from a rare gourd which grows in that country. It is lighter than meerschaum and colors beautifully.

Pipes make fine gifts; they are for intimate use and the older they get the more men prize them. Come and see our line.

Gilberts Drug Store
Fourth and Broadway.

"GET IT AT GILBERT'S."

Allegretti's and Mullane's Candles.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Lone Oak Weddings.

The Rev. F. H. Callahan, of Lone Oak, married the following couples last week: On Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. Esley Springer and Miss Vera Watkins. Both reside near Louisville and are very popular throughout the country. On Thursday afternoon, Mr. Willard D. Rudolph and Miss Ella Payne, of New Hope. Mr. Rudolph is a brother of the Rev. Ward Rudolph and is a successful farmer of the New Hope neighborhood. On Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, Mr. Harley Berry and Miss Grace Hillington were married at Bradana. Mr. Berry is a popular farmer of that section and Miss Hillington is a former McCracken county school teacher.

Couple Known Here Wed in Calloway.
A wedding that is of interest to the many friends of the couple throughout this section and Paducah, where they both friends and relatives, was the marriage of Miss Madeline Browne to Mr. Walter E. Gilbert, on Thursday at the home of the bride's parents at Wadesboro, Ky. The ceremony being performed by the Rev. H. B. Taylor, pastor of the First Baptist church at Murray. The wedding was a quiet affair, only intimate friends and immediate relatives being present.

The bride is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sloman Browne, of Wadesboro, and is an attractive young woman. She is the niece of Messrs. Richard and Harry Clements and Capt. J. M. Browne, of this city. The bridegroom is a prosperous and popular young farmer of Calloway county and is a brother of Attorney M. E. Gilbert, of this city. After the wedding the couple came to Paducah to spend the holidays with friends and relatives. They will return today to the home of the bridegroom to reside.

Double Wedding January 18.
Announcement is made of a double wedding to take place January 18, at the Three Links building, this city, at 8 o'clock p. m. Miss Myrtle Adams and Mr. Will Kintze and Miss Nora Howland and Mr. Clarence Goodman will be united in marriage. The gentlemen are members of the Odd Fellows order and the ladies members of the Daughters of Rebekah and all are alike popular among the members of the two orders, hence the ceremony will be at the Three Links.

Miss Adams is the stenographer of the Old Kentucky Manufacturing company and a young lady with many friends. Mr. Kintze is an attaché of the I. C. railroad shops and widely known. Miss Howland is a clerk at the Wilson book store and a popular young woman. Mr. Goodman is an attaché of the I. C. shops and is well known.

Sunday School Christmas Party.
The Sunday school of Grace Episcopal church will have its Christmas party on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the parish house. It will be an enjoyable affair and all the pupils are expected to be present.

Open Meeting of Matinee Musical Club.
The Matinee Musical club will have an open meeting at the Woman's club house Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The program will be an attractive one and will be given by Miss Anna F. Smith, Boston soprano; Mrs. George B. Hart, pianist; and Mr. Ernest S. Hagby, baritone. All friends of the club are cordially invited to attend. The program will be an attractive one as follows:

Songs from "The River," a song cycle for baritone by Mary Woodford (Phedra)—"Will the Red Sun Never Set"—"Only a Rose." The Kingfisher—Mr. Hagby. Lady Spring (Victor Harris). Song of Love (Mrs. H. A. Bench)—Miss Anna F. Smith. Valse Caprice (Chaminade). Appassionata (Edward Wolff)—Mrs. George B. Hart. Prosopie (Sidney Homer). Boat Song (Harriet Ware)—Mr. Hagby.

If I Had a Dollar (Ella H. Lohr). I Know (Gilbert Spross)—Miss Anna F. Smith. Over the Forest Rainclouds Lower. My Heart and I. Hungarian Folk Songs (Korby)—Mr. Hagby.

Silver Wedding Anniversary of Interest Here.
On Wednesday evening, December 22, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kizer, of Rutherford, Tenn., celebrated their twenty-fifth anniversary with an elaborate reception. The drawing room where the guests were received was beautifully decorated in pink and white carnations, ferns and palms. In the receiving line with the host and hostess were Mrs. Joseph Beazley, of Hopkinsville, and Miss Vennie Edwards, of Paducah, Ky. Both were handsomely gowned in black nee over satin, while the hostess wore her wedding gown of white brocade satin and real lace. Punch was served by Miss Kathleen Barton, whose gown was of pink crepe de chine with silver trimmings and Miss Ruth Beazley, who wore lavender satin and gold bands. Delicious refreshments were served in the dining room, where the table was beautiful in its decorations of pink and white, and the centerpiece was of lace over pink satin. The cakes and kees carried out the color scheme and the cut glass dishes held pink and white heart-shaped mints. Miss Maud Thiele and Miss Lydia Crowell presided

in the dining room. Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kizer have frequently visited this city as the guest of Captain and Mrs. W. H. Edwards, of 511 Washington street, and have a number of friends here.

Threelink-Vick.

Miss Lucy Threelink, of Smithland and Mr. Hen D. Vick, of this city, were quietly married last Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence of Mr. J. K. Bondurant, North Sixth street, by the Rev. Charles E. Jackson, of the Tenth Street Christian church. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Scott, of this city. The bride was attractively gowned in a tailored suit of tan cloth with hat to harmonize. They left immediately for Smithland where a reception was given that night. Mr. and Mrs. Scott accompanied them to Smithland.

Mrs. Vick is an attractive young woman and is well known here, where she frequently visits her sister, Mrs. R. N. Scott. She is the daughter of Mr. R. G. Threelink, a prominent Livingston county resident, and is widely popular in her home, having won the first prize, a piano, for that district in The Sun's popularity contest last summer.

Mr. Vick is a teacher in the Paducah Central Business college and is a capable and popular young man. They will make their home in Paducah.

The Messrs. and Misses Ellis, of Eleventh and Clark streets, left Saturday for Stribling, Tenn., to attend a family reunion and spend Christmas with relatives.

Mr. W. P. Spikes left Sunday morning for Macon, Ga., to spend the holidays with relatives.

Miss Ivy Perry will leave Thursday for Cairo to visit friends.

Mrs. T. H. Murray, of Memphis, is in the city to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Wade, of the south side.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Coulson and child have gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., to spend the holidays with relatives.

Mr. T. J. Moore and son, Frank, left this morning for a few days' visit in Memphis.

Mr. Frank N. Burns left today for Chicago, where he was called on business. He was accompanied by Mrs. Burns.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Rascoe and daughter, Edythe, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Dan Willis, of Twelfth and Trimble streets.

Mr. Henry Cave, formerly of Paducah and now a student at Johns Hopkins university, is spending the holidays with friends at Lynchburg, Va.

Mr. O. G. Hill, of Hopkinsville, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Hill.

Miss Kathleen Crossland, of Mayfield, is visiting her brother, Cass H. Crossland, of South Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Watson spent Christmas with relatives in Hopkinsville.

City Attorney Arthur Y. Martin is visiting relatives in Greenville.

Miss Pauline Brooks, of St. Louis, is visiting Mrs. David D. Koger.

Dr. Overton Brooks has returned to Chicago after spending Christmas with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Brooks.

Mr. Brent Jones returned to Memphis last night after spending Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Jones, of Broadway.

Mr. J. H. Collier, of Dukedom, Tenn., has returned home after visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. H. Peniston.

Mr. D. L. Williamson, of Cairo, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Jesse Thompson returned to Memphis last night after spending Christmas with his sister, Mrs. Leon R. Gleaves.

Mr. and Mrs. Ziba Williams returned last night from Murray after a visit to relatives.

Mr. S. B. Hopkins, of Wickliffe, was in the city today on business.

Miss Mildred Harper returned this morning from Poplar Bluff, Mo.

Mr. Ray Jones has returned to East St. Louis, after spending Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Jones, and Miss Elizabeth Graham returned last night from Benton, after spending the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Knowles returned to their home in Chicago last night, after spending Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Michael Knowles, 326 South Third street.

Mr. Brent Jones returned last evening to Memphis after spending Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Jones, of Broadway.

Mr. Herbert Sullivan, of Louisville, is visiting in the city.

Mr. Maurice Lagerwall, of Memphis, is visiting here.

Messrs. Guy Lockwood and Henry Henneberger returned this morning from Mayfield.

Mr. Brooks Holiday went to Metropolis today on business.

Sale of Coats and Suits

We begin inventory in a few days. We must close out all Coats, Suits and Dresses before we start this inventory. To make them move fast you can buy at about

Half Price

None reserved; the entire stock at this cut price.

The E. Guthrie Co.

to Dryersburg tonight to attend the Christmas dance given by the Forked Deer club.

Dr. Overton Brooks returned to Chicago Sunday night after a visit to his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Brooks.

Miss Jean Goldthwaite, of Hopkinsville, will arrive Friday to be the guest of Miss Blanche Hills for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy McKinney, of 1912 Jefferson boulevard have returned from Hickman.

Miss Ruth Humphreys, of Murray, is the guest of Miss Hulah Thompson, 911 Jackson street.

Mrs. E. B. Mooney and two little daughters, of Memphis, are visiting Mrs. William Kreutzer, 715 South Fourth street.

Mr. Curtis Tapscott has returned to Memphis after spending Christmas.

Mrs. Jane Cochran returned to her home in Mayfield this afternoon after a visit to Mrs. J. B. Steen, of Littleville.

Mr. Luke Burradell will return tomorrow from Bryantburg, where he is visiting his parents.

Circuit Judge William Reed left this morning for Louisville to attend a state meeting of the Circuit Judges' association.

Miss Pearl Watkins, of Lone Oak, is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Guy Harris, 1116 Ohio street, and Mrs. Guy Park, 1827 Guthrie avenue.

Mr. Will Scott, editor of the Third District Review, Bowling Green, returned to that city this afternoon after a Christmas visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Scott, 725 Madison street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Oliver and little Miss Agnes Oliver, of Union City, Tenn., left for their home yesterday after spending Christmas with Mrs. Oliver's parents, the Rev. G. T. Sullivan and Mrs. Sullivan, 199 North Seventh street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wall, of Los Angeles, Cal., will leave tomorrow for New York city after visiting Mrs. Wall's brother, Dr. Vernon Blythe, of North Seventh street.

Mr. Gregory Harth, of Caseyville, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Harth, of North Ninth street.

Attorney George M. Johnson, of Oxford, Miss., is in the city visiting his brother, Mr. J. E. Johnson, 1201 Jefferson street.

Mr. J. Murray Garber, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Armentrout, 1810 Jefferson street, returned to St. Louis this morning.

Mrs. Garber will leave for Cincinnati tonight for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin McKenzie will return this evening from Louisville, after a visit to relatives.

Judge and Mrs. John K. Hendrick will return tomorrow from Smithland, where they spent Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Brinkhurst and Edward Brinkhurst, Jr., left yesterday for Clarksville, Tenn., to visit Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Brinkhurst.

Mr. Robert W. Greenfield, of Nashville, Tenn., returned home this afternoon after spending a few days with relatives in the city.

City Jailer James Clark left at 3 o'clock for Brookport to accompany home his daughter, Lily Clark, and Miss Nellie Goughly, who have been visiting Miss Goughly's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Goughly, for several days.

Fireman William Leonard, of the No. 2 station, is ill of grip and unable to be on duty.

Dr. and Mrs. F. V. Kimbrough and two children, of Maxon Mills, are visiting relatives in Robertson county, Tennessee.

Mrs. Willis Stokes and daughter, Miss Hilda Stokes, of Mayfield, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Margaret Cunningham, 626 North Sixth street.

T. W. Lattrell, guard at the Eddyville penitentiary, was in the city today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Miller have gone to their home in Greenwood, Miss., after spending their honeymoon in the city.

Professor Edmond "Budde" Robinson, of 914 North Seventh street, is visiting in Cairo.

Dr. and Mrs. Fruit, of Hopkinsville, spent Christmas in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fruit, 1415 Broadway. Dr. Fruit returned home yesterday, but Mrs. Fruit will remain until Thursday.

WANT ADS.

BOARDING—Ma's cooking, 419 South Third.
EIGHT horse motor for sale cheap at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—Stove and heating wood. Old Phone 437.
ROLLER TOP DESK—Will sell cheap. Phone 310-r, old.

FOR good ranges, call at 501 South Third. Guaranteed.
FOUND—At Barksdale Bros. Co., picture frames of all kinds.

FOR SALE—Full blooded rat terriers. Can be seen at 918 Clay.
XMAS toys at William's, 501 South Third.

FOR RENT—Apartment, Hecht flats, 511 Adams.
HAIR GOODS—Made to order, Louvenia Miller. Old phone 374-a.

DESK ROOM for rent. Front office; ground floor. L. D. Sanders & Co.
BUY the best coal mined. Nut 10c, lump 11c. J. M. Hickman. New phone 640.

WANTED—Will pay good price for Furniture and Stoves at William's. New phone 581-a.
WANTED—You to see the best line of oval frames in Paducah. Barksdale Bros. Co.

FOUND—Xmas toys, rockers, High-blow's steel ranges and stoves at William's, 501 South Third.
FOR RENT—Rooms furnished complete for light housekeeping. 513 North Sixth. New phone 1296.

FOR RENT—Cottage, 5 rooms and bath, 502 North Seventh street. U. S. Realty Co. Both phones 851.
An eight-horse motor to exchange for a one or two-horse motor. The Sun.

FOR SALE—One 30x3 and one 30x3 1/2 inch inner automobile tire. Diamond product, at The Sun office.
FOR RENT—2 two-story house on Fourth between Broadway and Jefferson. Apply at Palmer House.

FOR SALE or rent, safe preferred, nine room house, corner Tenth and Trimble. Apply to Mary E. Mohan.
FOR RENT—Second floor apartment San Souci apartments. Apply W. E. Cochran.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, all modern conveniences. North Fourth. Old phone 178.
FOR RENT—Furnished room, 417 Washington street. Steam heat. Old phone 2130.

WANTED—To buy turntable and stoves. O. W. Baugh, 305 South Third. New phone 501.
FOR SALE—Real cheap, huggies and wagons. Sexton Sign Works, 16th and Madison. Both phones 401.

CLOTHING cleaned by Dalton is always satisfactory. Phone 685. Dalton does the best dyeing in the city.
FOR SALE—Good horse, cheap; 16 hands high, 10 years old. Phone 218 or call at 918 Clay.

WANTED—You to know that special HOLIDAY RATES are NOW ON at Draughon's Practical Business College, 314 Broadway, Paducah.
FREE OF CHARGE—All WHI sewing machines adjusted free of charge at F. N. Gardner, Jr., Co. Either phone 396.

WE WASH lace curtains very carefully. Get them cleaner and whiter than you could at home. Star Laundry. Phone 200.

ILLINOIS Coal and Feed company, 16th and Tennessee streets, wants your order for feed and coal. Quality and weights guaranteed. Phone 285.
WANT to do your watch and jewelry repairing. All work first class. W. N. Warren, jeweler, 403 Broadway.

FOR RENT—A six room cottage with modern conveniences, conveniently arranged for two small families. 333 N. 7th St. Apply Dr. J. G. Brooks, or residence, 317 N. 7th St.
YOUR LACE curtains need cleaning. You will make no mistake in sending them to the Star Laundry Phone 200.

WANTED—To furnish your umbrella with a new cover or handle. W. N. Warren, jeweler, 403 Broadway.
WANTED—We put new covers on umbrellas whole you wait. Large stock of umbrellas. Eye-See Jewelry Co., 315 Broadway.

WANTED—You to get our proposition. We sell diamonds on easy payments. Eye-See Jewelry Co., 315 Broadway.
FOR RENT—6 large rooms, size 20x20; steam heat; all modern conveniences. Suitable for living apartments or offices. Broadway between Second and Third. J. P. Smith.

S. H. HUSTEN, the tailor. Cleaning, pressing, dyeing and repairing neatly done. Ladies' skirts and suits a specialty. 121 South Ninth. Old phone 328-a.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE—A five-passenger car, equipped with magneto, new; master vibrator, tires in splendid condition. Will be sold cheap. Foreman and Gresham. Phone 456.

WE STARCH lace curtains. Just the degree of stiffness that makes them hang nicely, and dry them upon frames that make the square, and stretch them smooth and even. Star Laundry. Phone 200.

LADIES' CLOTHES—Best cleaned, repaired or dyed by our process. All dust and spots removed; garments delivered in covered wagon and promptly. Harry Dalton, phone 685-r.

Club Rates and Cut Prices

On All Magazines and Periodicals

We duplicate any offer made by any other house or catalogue and guarantee our prices are as low as any in the United States. Subscribe early. Get one of our free Cut-rate Magazine Catalogues and make up your lists.

D. E. WILSON
The Magazine Subscription Man, Paducah, Ky.

HAIR WORK—Phone 2114. Lillian Robinson.

FOR SALE—Edison phonograph; 25 records. Cheap if sold this week. Call 1039 Trimble. New phone 649.

WANTED—Room and board in private family for family of three. Address A., care Sun.

WANTED—Machinists, vise, hands and floor loom. Large growing plant. No labor troubles. Address M. Rumely Co., LaPorte, Ind.

FURNISHED rooms with fire, electric lights, hot bath and phone; \$8, \$10 and \$12 per month. Mrs. Woolfolk, 408 Washington street.

LOST—Light tan muff on second floor of Ogilvie's. Finder please return to 304 North Third or call old phone 1737.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob. G. C. to A. Y. engraved on watch. Finder please return to Miss Anna Yancy, 1161 North Thirteenth and receive reward.

WANTED—Position in moving picture show as singer and piano player by two sisters of three years' experience. Will work together cheap. Address A. B. C.

SALES AGENTS for forced draft equipment for boiler plants. Commission basis. Guaranteed territory. Address Wing, 90 West street, New York.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob on Broadway between 12th and 3rd. B. P. H. engraved on inside of lid. B engraved on outside of watch and on fob. Finder please return to 1143 Broadway and receive reward.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks and custom house employees. Spring examinations everywhere. Over 2,000 appointments during 1910. Commencement salary \$800. Rapid advancement. Short hours. Steady work. Common education sufficient. Candidates prepared free. Write immediately for schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. 111-J, Rochester, N. Y.

W. H. KOOPENDORFER
DIES OF TUBERCULOSIS.
Welland, Hamsford, Koopendorfer, 46 years old, a paperhanger of Harborsburg, Ill., died at 9 o'clock this morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary Bruce, of 1032 South Eleventh street. He had come here last week for a visit, but was taken seriously ill a few days ago, being unable to leave his bed. Death was due to tuberculosis, with which he had been suffering several years. He was born November 3, 1863 in Germany. Surviving him are his sister, Mrs. Bruce, and two brothers: Messrs. Charles Koopendorfer, of Shawnee, town, Ill., and Henry Koopendorfer, of New Albany, Ind. He also leaves a daughter, Miss Beatrice Koopendorfer, living at Dexter, Mo. The funeral will be held here at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning at the St. Francis de Sales church and burial will be at Mt. Carmel.

Christmas Wedding.
Christmas day Miss Grace P. Dulduld and Mr. Edward H. Duney, two popular young people, were married at the home of the couple, 2305 Kentucky avenue, by the Rev. W. A. Fite pastor of the First Christian church. The bride is the pretty and accomplished daughter of Attorney and Mrs. George C. Dulduld, of Broadway. Mr. Duney is a popular mechanic at the Illinois Central railroad shops.

Notice.
All parties having bills against the City of Paducah are requested to present same for payment on or before December 29, 1909, as we wish to close up the year's business ending December 31, 1909.

JOHN D. SMITH, Auditor.
This December 27, 1909.

AUDITORIUM RINK OPEN ALL WEEK. ADMISSION FREE.

Order what you need in the flower line for any occasion from Stutz, the confectioner. Agency of Metcalfe and Lindtong. Best goods at lowest prices.

COAL COAL

You can keep warm if you burn
Nortonville Coal
Good Coal, Full Weights
Phone us your orders

NORTONVILLE COAL COMPANY
(Incorporated.)

Old Phone 856-A. New Phone 645

JOHN ROCK,
LOCAL MANAGER.

While the Fireman Swings His Ax

Is no time to begin to wonder if your insurance is all right, or if you have any at all. You should know NOW. Don't put off another day looking up your policies.

"EVERYTHING IN INSURANCE"

SMITH & DAVIS

403 1/2 Broadway. Telephone 385.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Whereas, the banks located in cities in which the banks of Paducah have been collecting their out-of-town checks, have placed a collection charge on all checks ranging from one-tenth of one per cent to one-fourth of one per cent, and this burden has been falling so heavily on the banks of Paducah, that in self-protection, we, the undersigned banks of Paducah, Ky., hereby agree to make a charge of 15 cents per hundred on all checks on out-of-town points received from any corporations, firms or individuals on deposit, and a charge of 10 cents upon any single item less than one hundred dollars except the following cities:

ST. LOUIS,
CHICAGO,
CINCINNATI,
LOUISVILLE,
NEW YORK CITY,
NASHVILLE,
MEMPHIS,
PHILADELPHIA,
NEW ORLEANS,
PITTSBURG,
BOSTON,
NEWARK, N. J.,
HARTFORD, CONN.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

This obligation on the part of the banks to take effect from January 1, 1911, and to continue in force until conditions change or by majority of the banks hereto signing this agreement.

GLOBE BANK AND TRUST CO.,
CITY NATIONAL BANK,
MECHANICS AND FARMERS SAVINGS BANK,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
AMERICAN-GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,
THE PADUCAH BANKING CO.

The women of Allington, Conn. have organized for the protection of their village from fire. They are to hold a country fair, the proceeds of which will be used to buy apparatus. They will also form a woman's brigade of the fire department.

Xmas Candies

Nuts Fruits

OF ALL KINDS

Let us supply you with everything you will need in this line at prices lower than you pay elsewhere. See our fancy

BASKETS OF FRUIT

OYSTERS

many quantities 50c per quart.

Louis Caporal

Old Phone. 331 Broadway

HOLIDAY QUIET ON STOCK MARKET

MANY CONCERNS MAKING PLANS FOR FUTURE

Stimulus of Agricultural Prosperity Is Felt by Entire Country Now.

MOST INDUSTRIES ARE ACTIVE.

New York, Dec. 27. (Special.)—Holiday quiet prevailed in the stock market. This is the season of the year when many concerns are engaged in making fresh plans for the future, and speculative attention is generally diverted in consequence. A good undertone exists and a hopeful feeling is shown regarding the future. Railroads are doing a large traffic, and the volume of business is generally up to the pre-panic level, and in some cases is in excess. The country now feels the stimulus of agricultural prosperity. Everyone is familiar with the fact that western farmers and southern planters have been receiving phenomenally high prices for their products this year, enabling them to be liberal purchasers of clothing and household goods, not to speak of such luxuries as pianos, talking machines, pianolas, automobiles, etc. Not a few farmers, instead of buying more land, are making investments in securities with their surplus funds, a condition of affairs which will eventually promote the floating of all sorts of questionable schemes intended to entice the inexperienced.

Prosperity of the farmer is naturally followed, though in a less degree, by the activity in industrial circles. All our large plants are busily running on full time and over, and labor is well employed. In commercial circles there is a corresponding degree of activity, and the only classes who are not sharing in the benefits are those with fixed incomes and those whose work is of a professional nature. The latter, however, did not suffer during the panic, but often benefited thereby in a reduced cost of living, so cannot seriously complain. But those who took the brunt of the disaster should now have an opportunity of averaging out labor is showing much unrest and making demands for higher wages in order to share the improvement, often forgetting that it took little of the loss which followed the panic. While it is satisfactory to record a generally active state of business, it should not be overlooked that the benefits of such activity have not been fairly distributed. Its advantages have largely gone to certain organized classes, who should now be content to see the unorganized get a share before demanding more for themselves.

Investors are beginning to show some interest in the security market, and with the opening of the new year there should be a brisk demand for desirable issues. Dividend distributions will be larger than usual, and at the same time there is likely to be no lack of attractive new offerings. A number of important new issues are in prospect which in all probability will be readily absorbed owing to the very high prices at which well seasoned and high-class securities are now held. It must be recognized that securities are upon a higher level than before, and that this generally high level is largely justified by existing conditions. The high prices of securities and commodities are part of a world-wide movement arising from the depreciation of gold, the activity of trade, the comparative scarcity of agricultural products, the advance in land and numerous other causes which enter in the complex make-up of prices. It is easy to pick out individual securities and individual commodities which are unjustifiably high, but weighing the situation from a larger point of view there is little reason to anticipate any important recessions in the price level for some time to come.

On the contrary, the indications point to a continuance of the upward trend, and in all probability the coming year will be one of large business and even higher prices with of course the usual temporary reactions.

It is not unreasonable, however, to look for lower prices for food products, inasmuch as the relatively short crops of last year and their high prices would stimulate efforts for a big production in 1911. Should we have average crop weather in 1911 it is reasonable to expect that the prices of food products next year

Listen to the Band—Sousa's Band

play Sousa's most tuneful two-steps: Washington Post and High School Cadets. Both in the January list of Edison Amberol Records for the

Edison Phonograph

Get complete list of January Records from your dealer, or write to National Phonograph Company, 75 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J.

will be materially lower than they have been in the past, thus affording relief against the frequent complaints about the high cost of living. Flour has already declined from the high prices of last summer, and before long it is confidently expected that the price of meat will drop from its present high level as a result of increased production.

The monetary situation is reasonably assured. Some slight flurry may be looked for in the last week of the year owing to preparations for January disbursements, but this is not a serious matter, and after the middle of January when crop funds should begin to return from the interior we may look for still easier conditions. The period of cheap money, however, has passed, owing to the activity of trade and to high prices which absorb money freely. It is useless to expect low rates for some time to come, and the west may not return funds as freely as usually, keeping them at home for its own use. Bank reserves are still low, and the tendency for undue expansion of credit is something that will require watching. The condition of our foreign trade remains unsatisfactory because of relatively small exports and large imports. Possibly we may be able to ship securities more freely in settlement of our foreign indebtedness, which must be considerable.

The monetary situation abroad is not entirely comfortable. In England the approach of a general election in January causes some uneasiness in banking circles and capital in France shrinks from the growth of socialism. In Germany there has been a marked recovery, and that country promises to soon become a much more important factor in international commercial affairs, but in that country also bankers and capitalists are feeling the burdens of militarism and socialism.

As stated above, the local outlook is one that justifies confidence. Liquidation may be expected in a few of the high priced stocks which have been discounting dividend increases, but January may see a concerted movement for the rise, aided by the support of big banking interests, who will be obliged to make a market for their new flotations. There is still some anxiety as to what President Taft's policy towards the railroads will be; and the interstate commerce commission's request for more power is not taken kindly. The latter's proposal to place a valuation upon American railroads is absurd and impracticable.

HENRY CLEWS.

A Thrilling Rescue.

How Bert R. Leon, of Cheny, Wash., was saved from a frightful death is a story to thrill the world. "A hard cold," he writes, "brought on a desperate lung trouble that baffled an expert doctor here. Then I paid \$10 to \$15 a visit to a lung specialist in Spokane, who did not help me. Then I went to California, but without benefit. At last I used Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me and now I am as well as ever." For Lung Trouble, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds, Asthma, Croup and Whooping Cough its supreme. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Tough on Senators.

Three hundred and fifty bills and resolutions were poured into the United States senate in one day last week, and it wasn't an exceptional day, either. There will be other days that will pass that winter-mark. The introducers of the bills and resolutions, for the most part, didn't expect them to be passed. They were bluffing, for the benefit of their home districts—manufacturing campaign material. The greatest aggregation of four-flushers in the world assembled at Washington periodically, at a salary of \$7,500 a year, with perquisites worth \$2,500 a year more.—Savannah News.

The tobacco grown in the United States is of two general types or classes: (1) Cigar tobacco, and (2) chewing, smoking, snuff and export tobaccos. In 1908 something more than 150 million pounds of cigar tobacco was grown in the United States and nearly four times the amount of the other types.

MEANS RUIN FOR T. C. CENTRAL

IF SOUTHERN AND I. C. WITHDRAW INTERCHANGE.

Management Hopes, However, to Adjust Disagreements Within Next Few Days.

I. C. HUMORS AGAIN CURRENT

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 27.—Rumors that the Illinois Central and Southern railroads are contemplating canceling interchange agreements with the Tennessee Central railroad are current and upon investigation are found to be on good authority. There is no denying that such a move if carried out would mean ruin to the Tennessee Central which would under such conditions be bottled up with no outlet at Harriman or Hopkinsville. Under such conditions it would be but a matter of a few months until the line would have to suspend operations.

It is understood, however, from reliable sources that while such a move has been contemplated that the management of the three roads are in consultation with the view of removing all causes for difference and that within the next few days the matter will be definitely settled one way or the other.

I. C. Talk Revived.

For some time there have been rumors current to the effect that the Illinois Central would acquire the western division of the Tennessee Central and would again enter Nashville, eventually acquiring the eastern division. Another report that has been given considerable credence is that one of the Hill lines would acquire the Tennessee Central, and connecting with the Knoxville, Sevier and Eastern, would get a direct line from the grain fields of the Northwest to the Atlantic coast. Whatever merit there is to these rumors, the fact remains that should the Illinois Central withdraw its interchange arrangements at the west and the Southern adopt similar plans at the east, the Tennessee Central would be bottled tight and fast.

At the Tennessee Central offices today it was learned that President A. B. Newell was in Chicago, but no one would state whether his visit had to do with the reported conference.

What Every Woman Knows.

There was company at dinner, and father was carving his prettiest on a fine roast. Suddenly, though, the knife struck a skewer, made a sliding upward motion, and came out on top. Father attempted to cover his real feelings with incoherent jests about the indigestibility of roasted hardwood, the inadvisability of a butcher's running a woolyard, and the like. There was an embarrassing silence. Willie took advantage of it.

"Cook has burned her nose awful," he announced.
"Too bad," muttered father, still wrestling with the roast. "How did she do it, son?"
"Trying to pull them skewers out with her teeth."—Everybody's Magazine.

Canada's Cheese and Butter.

The aggregate value of Canadian cheese and butter exported during the year 1909, was approximately \$18,987,210, a decrease of \$1,092,058, as compared with the previous year; 5,500,000 pounds of butter were exported, as against 4,000,000 in 1907. The decrease in the total value is, therefore, due to the falling off in the export of cheese.



You'll be Dead a Long Time

so you had better keep alive and well as long as you can.

That means you want to get rid of that cough or cold that's been hanging on for weeks, and get rid of it right away.

We sell many good cough remedies.

Rexall Cherry Juice Cough Syrup will cure the most stubborn cough, hoarseness or sore throat. Has a delightful flavor, is most palatable, and gives immediate relief. If one bottle doesn't completely cure your cough bring back the empty bottle and we'll return your money. Three sizes, the larger sizes most economical to buy—25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

W. B. McPHERSON'S

Drug Store
Fourth Street and Broadway.

\$14 CHRISTMAS GIFT

HOLIDAY RATES now on. This notice, clipped and presented on or before December 28, 1910, will be accepted as \$14.00 part payment on combined scholarship, or \$9.00 on single scholarship, at the Old Reformatory **DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE**
A. M. ROUSE, Manager, Paducah, Ky., 314-316 Broadway.

CITY TRANSFER CO.

C. L. VanMeter, Manager

All Kinds of Hauling, Storage, Packing and House Cleaning

Vacuum House Cleaning Prices on Application
Phone 499

UNITED STATES IS PRODUCER OF VARIED PRECIOUS STONES

Ordinarily the territory of the United States is not looked upon as a field of production of precious stones, says the Chicago Tribune. Within the last 12 or 13 years much attention has been attracted to the fresh water pearl, taken from the common clam of the rivers. That diamonds, turquoise, sapphires enter into the country's production in notable figures is overlooked.

Last year the total production of precious stones other than the fresh water pearl amounted to \$415,063, as shown by the geological survey. The figure, too, shows a falling off of more than \$50,000 for 1907, supposed to have been caused by the general trade depression.

Turquoise from Arizona, New Mexico, Nevada and California, however, show an enormously increased valuation over the production of 1907, when the value was fixed at only \$23,840. Last year this stone was mined to the extent of 29,590 pounds, valued at \$117,950.

California, Maine and Connecticut produced 3,200 pounds of tourmaline with a gross value of \$30 a pound, the bulk of it from Mesa Grande, in California. The production of sapphires suffered an enormous drop from \$229,800 in 1907, to only \$58,397

last year. One mine in Fergus county, Montana, yielded most of these stones, and a small proportion of the production came from Morgan county, Missouri.

Today Arkansas is the one state, which has produced the diamond in all North America. The first stone was picked up in Pike county, two miles and a half southeast of Morrifreesboro, August 1, 1906. Since then an average of \$2,500 worth of these stones have been mined in that locality.

But in connection with the home production of these precious stones, their values sink into insignificance when compared with the country's imports of \$13,700,104 in 1908, which was less than half the importations of the year before.

Her Numerous Hubby.

They were at breakfast. "Yesterday," began Mrs. Newlywed, "I received a lovely parchment diploma from the cooking college, and here's what I've cooked for you, guess what it is?"

Mr. Newlywed at the time was struggling with a slab of omelette between his teeth, but he managed to gurgle, "I know, the diploma!"—January Young's Magazine.

Florida is the centre of the turpentine industry.



The Best Carriage Service is Paducah

You get handsome, well appointed carriages when I serve you. We give prompt personal attention at all times.

HARRY L. ANDERSON, PHONE 915



WE AIM TO PLEASE

You so well with our livery service that you will employ it again and often. One of the ways we take it to make our charges so reasonable that you will not deprive yourself of the pleasure of a drive on account of the expense. Suppose you take one today if the weather permits.

THE TULLY LIVERY CO.

(Incorporated.)

4th & Ky. Ave. - - Both Phones 478

REMOVAL NOTICE

Having bought the electric stock and fixtures of the Foreman Bros. Electric Co., we have moved our entire stock of bicycles, motorcycles and electrical goods to the above company's old stand at 123 BROADWAY, where we will carry a complete line of bicycles, motorcycles and Gasoline Engines, Chandeliers and electrical goods and supplies. Our entire second floor will be used as our repair shop. We solicit a liberal share of your patronage, which will receive our prompt attention.

MITCHELL & WARDEN

123 Broadway

Old Phone 435-a New Phone 423-a

A NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTION

Buy your cigars and tobaccos and pipes from

The Smoke House

222 Broadway

If It's For a Smoker, We Have It.

Eat Puritana Mush

Put up in neat 5-cent packages. The best and most healthful food product made. The finest that care and ingenuity can produce. Over two pounds of the greatest amount of good eating you can buy this winter for 5 cents. PURITANA can be served in more than 30 different ways, all good. A cook book containing 30 formulas for cooking Puritana free with each package. Now on sale; ask your dealer for it and you will want more. If he does not keep it, phone us or call at our store.

FRED KREUTZER, 206 KENTUCKY AVENUE

EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURING AGENT FOR WESTERN KENTUCKY.



Ticket Offices:
City Office 428 Broadway.
DEPOTS:
5th & Norton Sts and Union Station

Departs.

Lv. Paducah	7:45 am
Ar. Jackson	12:30 pm
Ar. Nashville	1:30 pm
Ar. Memphis	3:30 pm
Ar. Hickman	1:35 pm
Ar. Chattanooga	9:27 pm

Arrives.

Lv. Paducah	2:10 pm
Ar. Nashville	8:55 pm
Ar. Memphis	8:40 pm
Ar. Hickman	8:35 pm
Ar. Chattanooga	2:44 am
Ar. Jackson	7:35 pm
Ar. Atlanta	7:10 am

Arrives.

Lv. Paducah	6:00 pm
Ar. Murray	7:32 pm
Ar. Paris	9:16 pm

Arrives 1:25 p. m. from Nashville, Memphis and all Southern points.
Arrives 8:15 p. m. from Nashville, Memphis and all Southern points.
7:50 a. m. train connects at Hollo Rock Jet, with chair car and Buffet Brolley for Memphis.
2:10 p. m. train connects at Hollo Rock Jet, with chair car and Buffet Brolley for Nashville.

F. L. Welland, City Ticket Agent, 430 Broadway.
E. B. Burnham, Agent, Fifth and Norton Sts.
R. M. Prather, Agent Union Depot.



OUR NEW HOME.

This is the College That Gets Positions

This is the college where no graduate has ever failed in any attempt to hold a position and whose graduates are holding positions in almost every state in the Union. It is the college that guarantees satisfaction and has never had a dissatisfied pupil. It is endorsed by every Teacher, Superintendent, Bank President, and Business Man that has investigated it and is now conceded the leading Business College of Western Kentucky. If you are thinking of taking a course in either Bookkeeping or Shorthand write or call on Prof. Chas. E. Kender, the Principal, and have him send you the liberal terms the school is now making. It will pay you.

Paducah Central Business College
PADUCAH, KY.

GERMAN SCHOOL SYSTEM STUDIED

PROF. E. GEORGE PAYNE REPORTS TO STATE.

What He Saw and Learned While Spending Two Years in That Country.

TEACHING IS A PROFESSION

In his report to State Superintendent Crabbe, Prof. E. George Payne, formerly principal of the Paducah High School, who during his two years' course at the German universities, investigated the German school system at the instance of the governor, says:

We often hear or read of the German School System, but we must use this term advisedly and not to understand that the schools of the German empire are under one head or authority. There are twenty-six states in the German empire, including the free cities of Hamburg, Bremen and Luebeck, each of which has its own system and is in no way connected officially with any other state. In fact, education in the German empire, as in our own country, is left entirely to the individual states, yet the schools throughout the empire are very much alike and similar in quality. There are several reasons for this. In the first place the courses in the Hochschule (Secondary and College education), are governed by the requirements of the universities which are practically the same for the twenty-three universities of the German empire. The classical gymnasium was the principal school until in the year 1900 when the king of Prussia issued a decree admitting the graduates from the reform schools to the universities on equal terms with those of the old gymnasiums. Since that time the growth of the reform schools, in which there is less emphasis upon Latin and Greek or in these subjects are made elective, has been very rapid. There is no question that the best teaching, the most enthusiastic teachers, and the best equipment are found in the reform schools. There is likewise no question that the growth of these schools will increase in the future. The teachers of the classical schools fight the reform schools and insist that there is an effort made by the teachers in them to Americanize the German schools. In spite of this opposition, as in our own land, the people are turning more and more to these schools and are neglecting the study of the ancient classics.

These schools, then, are kept uniform because they prepare for entrance to the university, and the universities set the standard, but that is not true of the elementary school. It corresponds to the grades of our schools and prepares for no higher school. It is for the free education of the great mass of German citizens who make the common soldier of the German army, and for the instruction of the girls who are to be wives of this class of men. Yet the curriculum in all these schools in all parts of the empire is strikingly similar and, practically, the work done in all is of nearly the same grade of efficiency. This is true because the leaders for the last forty years have worked to establish certain ideals and by a process of teachers' training have established certain methods and courses which are types for all parts of the country. Every individual who has a "fad" he wishes to work out is not given the wished for opportunity to practice upon a credulous public at the people's expense and at the immense cost of the education of the children of the community. If a person such as Herr Schuler, Dr. Siehinger, of Mannheim, wishes to put into practice a scheme such as the "Mannheimer drei Klassen system," he has to show to the leaders of the whole profession that he is right or at least give good reasons to the profession, "for the faith that is in him." This conservative feeling and the unwillingness to go to an enormous expense of instituting or changing a school system without first proof of the need of a change and the benefits the change would bring does away with the continual experimenting and, in the main, holds the schools throughout the empire to a similar course.

The uniformity in the courses of which we have just spoken does not do away with the individuality of the teacher or prevent the capable teacher from exerting his superior knowledge or attainments for the good of the community or the school system. If a person has a new idea he must try it out with the profession first. If he succeeds in convincing the leaders of the profession or any part of them that he has an idea worth while then he may have the opportunity to try it after the community is sure that the children will not have to suffer for his experiment. No country has had so many superior men who have risen to distinction in the educational world and who have given so many new ideas which have been so universally accepted. Neither do we have to go to the past. We have but to refer to the above mentioned Dr. Siehinger, of Mannheim, Dr. Kirchsteiner, of Munich, Dr. Max Walker, of Frankfurt, and Herr Schuler, of Mannheim, of Hanover, to see that Germany is producing men in the practice in all parts of her domain who are rising out of the pro-

fession, and bringing about reforms which must affect the education, not only of Germany, but of the world of the future. Not only is this opportunity present for individuals to rise above the profession and work out new theories in practice, but there is room within the system for the exercise of the individuality. Certain results are expected of every one who teaches, then it is not left to some principal or superintendent to see that these results are secured. Each teacher must know his work and do it. In fact he is not accepted as a teacher until he shows his ability to do the work; then he is given a freedom that our teachers do not know, in attaining those results.

The system of schools in each state is thoroughly organized with a head appointed by the ruling authority. From this central authority, the whole school system is organized. This central authority in Prussia, at least, designates what shall be taught the requirements of teachers, and indeed all matters of school policy. Yet the system is in no sense an autocracy. For very definite reasons, which will appear later in the discussion, there is far greater freedom for the exceptional teacher to demonstrate his ability than in our own land. This greater opportunity lies in the appointment and retention of teachers. There are certain requirements which the teacher must meet before he can be admitted to the teaching body. These qualifications, as we shall later see, are clearly defined and are not impossible. They are uniform and uninfluenced by graft or favoritism. Qualifications are necessary and when these are met, the teacher is licensed to teach and when he has proven his fitness, he can not be summarily dismissed. He is employed for life and no power can dismiss him except for immorality or for violation of the law. The teacher is absolutely free from the entanglements of politics and the necessity of "playing" to the school board. He is permanently employed at a salary which will support himself and family in his station of life, and, after faithful service, in case of inability or age he is rewarded with a pension. This makes the teacher secure for life. He does not need to worry over his future, and therefore he is free to give his whole time to the service of the community and state. He is likewise not dependent upon the will of anyone for his position and can exert the best that is in him fearlessly in the interest of what he feels and what the profession recognizes as right.

This freedom and security of the teacher in his work and the feeling that he may be located permanently where he can have a home and lasting friends have several advantages for both teacher and people. In the first place a person is not attracted to the profession of teaching as a stepping stone. He prepares himself thoroughly for the work of teaching, and he goes into the work with the intention of making teaching a life's work and he is therefore not satisfied with anything short of his very best efforts in his chosen work. The teaching profession therefore attracts men of ability and power who to the actual teaching. The men of the profession are recognized as the leaders of the community, and the persons to whom the people turn with confidence for advice. It is an honor to be a teacher, and the teacher is proud of his chosen profession. He therefore guards jealously the sacred trust committed to him, as an honor and duty to the profession. He knows no honor greater than rendering the highest service possible to the community, because the state has given him this sacred trust. I have never witnessed a more inspiring sight than seeing a man of fifty at the height of his power and enthusiasm, throwing his whole soul into his work, in the teaching of a third grade class. He was a man whom the children loved and in whom they had confidence, whom they held as their ideal of conduct and character. The man had no other profession, he had no other purpose than to serve the little ones, no other ambition than to lead these children into a broader life. He was also unhampered in his task. No moments of consideration whether he would be retained another year. He was secure and free from all worry, and satisfied because of the honor that came to him in the position he faithfully and competently filled.

Such a station in life is to be desired and it attracts men of influence and character. Because of this fact there is a professional spirit, these conditions in the profession bring innumerable advantages to the com-

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munity. First it is of value to have men of this caliber in the community as leaders, and especially as teachers of the young. These teachers are unselfish guardians of the future citizens of the community and state. The teachers are in the community for life and it is very necessary that they make no mistakes for which they must answer in the future. Above all they know the people, their characteristics and eccentricities, and can therefore teach them as no new person could who comes to the community for a short stay. He becomes a part of the community for life, and he feels that the welfare of the community depends to a large extent upon his work.

The centralized school system with its well trained, disciplined teachers permanently located gives permanence to the whole school policy and makes it impossible for nepotism or unfortunate use of power from above. It gives freedom of action but not license. It saves the interminable expense, loss of energy by constant change not only of teachers, but of the whole school organization. It locates power and responsibility, and locates them in responsible persons, who are a part of the community, and who are vitally interested in the permanent success of the undertaking. It promotes steady and harmonious working together and a great aim and ideal. In many of our cities there is a very great lack of a definite policy in school buildings and grounds, in equipment, and necessary supplies for running the school system of the city. It often occurs in this country that some person who is superintendent, wishes to promote his own interest introduces manual training or some "fad" goes to the catalogue of manufacturing establishments and orders thousands of dollars worth of equipment without any particular relation to the needs of the community.

Indeed, what does such a superintendent care for the interests of the community when he expects to use this expenditure of funds in his own promotion, and he knows that it will not be remembered against him by future generations. The next man who comes along throws aside much of the apparatus as useless and orders more which is again quite as useless to the person who succeeds him two years later and so the process continues endlessly. And who can quite blame the teacher who is held so little responsible for his acts or who has so little real interest in the community, which he is called temporarily to serve. Under such conditions who can expect that the teacher will serve the interest of the community instead of his own interest?

I do not mean to paint the system in the German schools as ideal, but one must recognize it as infinitely better than our haphazard methods, and we must recognize that it is only because of our unlimited resources that we do continue this disastrous waste of time, energy and money, because the future must find more economical lines along which to develop our school system, a careful study of the German schools will give us an insight into a system where the greatest results are attained with the least expenditure.

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I. C. TIME TABLE.

Corrected to November 14th, 1900.
Arrive Paducah.

Louisville, Cincinnati, east.	8:52 am
Louisville	4:15 pm
Louisville, Cincinnati, east	6:10 pm
Memphis, N. Orleans, south.	1:25 pm
Memphis, N. Orleans, south.	11:20 am
Mayfield and Fulton	7:40 am
Cairo, Fulton, Mayfield	8:00 pm
Princeton and Eville	6:10 pm
Princeton and Eville	4:15 pm
Princeton and Hopville	9:00 am
Cairo, St. Louis, Chicago	7:35 am
Cairo, St. Louis, Chicago	8:00 pm
Met'ls, Carh'dale, St. L.	11:00 am
Met'ls, Carh'dale, St. L.	3:35 pm

Leaves Paducah.

Louisville, Cincinnati, east.	1:33 am
Louisville	7:50 am
Louisville, Cincinnati, east	11:25 am
Memphis, N. Orleans, south	3:57 am
Memphis, N. Orleans, south	6:15 pm
Mayfield and Fulton	4:15 pm
Mayfield, Fulton, Cairo	6:30 am
Princeton and Eville	11:25 am
Princeton and Hopville	3:40 pm
Cairo, St. Louis, Chicago	9:10 am
Cairo, St. Louis, Chicago	6:20 pm
Met'ls, Carh'dale, St. L.	9:40 am
Met'ls, Carh'dale, St. L.	4:20 pm

J. T. DONOVAN, Agt.
City Office.

R. M. PRATHER, Agt.
Union Depot.

Kitchen Measurements.

Sixty drops equal one teaspoonful.

Three teaspoonfuls equal one tablespoonful.

Four tablespoonfuls equal a quart of a cup or half a gill.

Eight rounded tablespoonfuls of dry material equal one cupful.

Sixteen tablespoonfuls of liquid equal one cupful.

One cupful of liquid equals two gills or one-half pint.

One heaping tablespoonful of sugar equals one ounce.

One heaping tablespoonful of butter equals two ounces.

One cup of butter or sugar equals one-half pound.

Two cups of flour equal one-half pound.

One heaping tablespoonful of baking powder to two cups of flour.

One teaspoonful of cream of tartar and a half teaspoonful of soda to two cups of flour.

One level tablespoonful of soda to two cups of molasses.

Four heaping tablespoonfuls of corn starch to one quart of milk.

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Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists, price \$1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents. Williams' Mfg. Co., Props. Cleveland, O. Sold by List Drug Co.

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Economy Crying Need, But Curtailment of Expenses Should Not Be Done at Expense of

EFFICIENCY; DEFICIT \$17,000,000

Washington, Dec. 27.—Confronted with a deficit of \$17,479,770, the present administration of the post-office department began its operations. This was the largest deficit in the history of the postal service. So long as the deficit in the department aggregated only a few millions of dollars annually, little attention was paid to it; but when, in the past few years, it leaped to upward of \$10,000,000, and finally in 1909, exceeded \$17,000,000, ordinary business prudence suggested that the cause be definitely located.

These are statements in the annual report of Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock, made public today. Concerning the results of inquiries into the deficit, the postmaster general says:

"Recent investigations have shown that the two great sources of loss to the postal revenues are second-class mail matter and rural delivery.

"The loss on second-class mail matter has been increasing for many years, until it now amounts to \$64,000,000.

"The loss from rural delivery, a service begun hardly a dozen years ago and of unprecedented growth, reaches as high as twenty-eight millions.

"In these two items alone the postal service now suffers an annual loss of more than the entire national deficit of the last fiscal year.

"Simultaneously with the growing deficit in the postal service, the nation's income suffered last year a serious depletion incident to the financial depression. Thus it happened that the department's drafts on the treasury were heavier at a time when the public funds were lowest. This has accentuated the importance of the postal deficit, making it conspicuous among the losses to be met by the president's plan of reducing expenditures in all executive departments.

"Since the opening of the administration the postmaster general and his assistants have adopted measures in conformity with the president's policy of retrenchment, and these measures are being put into effect with substantial results, as will be shown in this report.

"It should be stated with emphasis, however, that economy is not to be enforced at the cost of efficiency.

"Only such measures of economy will be adopted, therefore, as can be made a consistent part of a general program having for its chief object the improvement of the personnel, the form of organization, and the business methods of the postal establishment.

"The most striking fact disclosed by recent investigations is the tremendous loss on account of second-class mail. While this class of mail provides a revenue of little more than 1 cent a pound, the cost to the government for its handling and transportation averages 9.23 cents a pound. The annual loss thus incurred, as already stated, is about \$64,000,000. The growth in the quantity of second-class matter sent through the mails has been extraordinary. Since the passage of the act of 1879 prescribing conditions under which publications may be mailed at second-class rates the weight of such matter has increased more than 1,200 per cent. Last year it amounted to over 700,000,000 pounds. By the weighting of 1907 second-class matter was shown to constitute 63 per cent of all domestic mail, and yet it yielded only about 5 per cent of the postal revenues. The loss on second-class matter was greater than the profits on all classes of mail combined. It exceeded the total amount paid the railways for mail transportation.

"Magazines and other periodical publications, exclusive of daily newspapers, comprise about 60 per cent of the second-class mail. The magazines alone form about 20 per cent. Magazines proper, because of the long average haul, show a cost of more than 5 cents a pound for transportation, which in the case of daily newspapers for which the average distance of distribution is much less, the transportation cost is under 2 cents a pound.

"The department's recommendation for the establishment of postal savings banks is earnestly renewed. At 98 per cent of the savings of the people are deposited in the banks of 11 states the need of additional de-

positories for other parts of the country is apparent. These portions of the United States now wanting in such facilities could be readily supplied through the instrumentality of a postal savings system."

COUNTING NATION'S MONEY

New Treasurer Requires Invoices of Amount and Kind of Funds He Gets.

Owing to a change in federal treasurers Nov. 1 the enormous job of counting Uncle Sam's money will be undertaken by a committee of experts, aided by a large corps of assistants. The services of thirty to forty expert counters, laborers and others will be needed.

The last count of the money was in 1906, when Mr. Treat took office and succeeded Ellis H. Rogers. It was said at the treasury today it would require about three months to count the funds. Being a thrifty personage, Uncle Sam has an amazing lot of wealth stored up. The amount in the reserve fund and the trust funds alone is about \$1,500,000,000. The treasury statement shows that the gold coin and bullion held for the redemption of United States notes and treasury notes alone amounts to \$150,000,000. In the trust funds held for the redemption of the notes and certificates for which they are respectively pledged there is the staggering amount of \$1,365,512,869 in gold and silver coin. Of this the gold coin amounts to \$874,123,869.

Altogether there is more than \$1,000,000,000 in gold alone in the treasury. The task of counting the gold, however, is easy compared to that of counting the silver. The trust funds contain nearly a half billion of silver dollars. The handling of the bags of silver is a laborious task, and requires the services of many strong-armed laborers, each bag weighing about sixty pounds. The counting of the silver and gold is simplified by reason of the fact it is done by weighing the bags of metal. If any bag is found short of weight or overweight an investigation is made.—Washington (D. C.) Times.

JAP WOMAN

HAS A QUEER PLEA FOR HER DEFENSE.

Accused of Murdering Her Husband She Makes Defense Hearing on Belief in Reincarnation.

Tokio, Dec. 27.—The Oriental belief in reincarnation was used as a defense by a woman named Yasu and her lover, Yataro, accused of murdering the woman's husband, Kichigoro. The woman made a remarkable speech to the judge, in which she explained her motive for killing her husband.

"Listen with your whole-souled attention," she began. "You should miss my words and ask me to speak again, which I will never do, I had a very profound motive in killing my husband, Kichigoro. It was all due to the dispensation of Providence.

"In my previous existence I was a beautiful girl, named Hachikichi. A certain feudal lord fell in love with me and proposed to marry me. I disliked him, yet what could I do? He died, and I had no choice but to yield.

"In this sad predicament a gallant knight whose name was Sadameki bravely came forth to my rescue. He declared that I should not be wedded to the man I disliked, and then another took me from the influence of the lord. This was the beginning of the genuine love that sprang up between the knight and myself, and finally ended in our happy marriage.

"My benefactor in the previous life is the self-same Yataro as he now stands before you. The husband I killed was in the former era only my errand boy. Imagine the wrath of Providence, for my preposterous act in deserting my real husband and benefactor and marrying a servant. Heaven threatened me if I persisted in this hideous sin. So I obedience to the will of Providence I took the life of Kichigoro, the reincarnation of my former servant."

Sentence was postponed after the prosecutor had demanded the death penalty.

"There are times when I envy my hair," remarked the man who had failed in seventeen business enterprises.

"Because my?" queried his wife.

"Because it's coming out on top," explained he of the many failures.—Chicago News.

She—Father, I want to buy a hat. Will you give me a check?

He—Certainly. How much do you want?

She—How much have you left in bank?—Puck.

UNION SERVICES WELL ATTENDED

EXCELLENT SERMON BY THE REV. E. B. LANDIS.

All Churches Well Attended at Their Services Sunday and Christmas Day.

ENTERTAINMENTS FOR PUPILS.

The Union services at the Broadway Methodist church yesterday attracted a large crowd and the regular announced program was carried out. The sermon of the Rev. E. B. Landis, pastor of the Kentucky avenue Presbyterian church, was the feature of the service. Rev. Landis used for his theme "The Unique Character of Jesus." He pointed out how Jesus was sinless in character, how he had a completeness and symmetry in his work that no other masters of the city took part and a large offering was taken up and will be divided between the Home of the Friendless and the Rescue Mission.

First Christian.

Special Christmas services were held at the First Christian church yesterday morning and evening, two appropriate and well delivered sermons being prepared by the new pastor, the Rev. W. A. Fife. His subject at the morning hour was "God's Christmas Gift," while in the evening he preached on the subject of "Our Wealth." The attendance at both services was large. Special music was given by the choir. The programs being as follows:

Morning.

Prelude, Pastoral Symphony—Händel, Mrs. Frank Burns.

Hymn, Joy to the World.

Antiphon, Hark, Hark, My Soul—Shelley.

Hymn, "Hark the Herald Angels Sing"—Mendelssohn.

Solo, "Night of Nights," Vandewater—Mrs. Lela Wade Lewis.

Hymn, "Lord, Thy Glory Fills the Heavens."

Communion.

Benediction.

Postlude, Hallelujah Chorus—Händel.

Evening.

Prelude—March from Athalia, Mendelssohn—Mrs. Frank Burns.

Hymn—"Holy, Holy Is the Lord."

Antiphon—A Christmas Anthem—Trimmer.

Solo—"Oh, Divine Redeemer."—Miss Smith.

Hymn—"Holy Night."

Postlude—Triumphal March, Hermitage—Mrs. Frank Burns.

Tenth Street.

The Rev. Charles E. Jackson, pastor of the Tenth Street Christian church, preached his farewell sermon last night and a large audience heard his last remarks from the pulpit. The attendance both at the morning and evening services was large. The Rev. Mr. Jackson will remain here until next Monday when he goes to Louisville to enter upon a new field of work, having accepted an offer as evangelist for the Christian churches in Jefferson county.

The pulpit at the Tenth Street Christian church will be filled next Sunday by the Rev. G. D. Wyatt, pastor of the Christian church at London, Ky. Dr. Wyatt is a strong minister and an influential worker and his visit here will be in view of accepting the pastorate made vacant by the resignation of Rev. Jackson.

The pulpit at the Kentucky Avenue Presbyterian church next Sunday morning will be filled by the Rev. Mr. Jackson, this being his last sermon in this city.

Contest Closes.

After thirteen Sundays the contest between the adult classes of the Tenth Street Christian church closed yesterday morning, making a total attendance for both classes of 322. The honors went to the woman's class, taught by Mr. C. E. Jennings, which stood at the finish 16 ahead of the men's class in charge of the Rev. C. E. Jackson.

The contest began Sunday, October 3, and keen enthusiasm and hard work was manifested by both classes. For nine Sundays the ladies were ahead of the men while the men were in the lead four Sundays. The largest attendance for any one Sunday was on hand yesterday morning and the church was filled to its capacity, when the count showed that 64 men composed the men's class and 72 for the women's.

Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at the church the ladies will be the guest of the men and a social en-

tertainment will be given in honor of their victory.

Christmas tree exercises were held Saturday evening at the Tenth Street Christian church and many presents distributed among the Sunday school pupils.

Splendid services were held at the Kentucky Avenue Presbyterian church yesterday, and the attendance was the largest in the history of the church. Last evening the Sunday school program was rendered and the pastor, the Rev. E. B. Landis, addressed the children on "The Cotton Myth," an old Christmas story. The big Christmas tree with its beautiful decorations was turned over to the children.

There was one addition to the North Twelfth Street Baptist church yesterday and splendid services were held. Friday night the Christmas tree given to the children was a distinct success. Saturday afternoon Christmas services were held and a large congregation was present.

Yesterday morning at the Broadway Methodist church the greatly augmented Sunday school held a successful session and the preaching service was also well attended, one member was received and one application for membership. The Epworth League program in the evening was successfully carried out.

Two splendid services were held at the Fountain Avenue Methodist church yesterday. The orchestra, which has been organized, furnished some excellent music yesterday and will be heard every Sunday. Enjoyable Christmas services were held. Next Friday night "The Demonstration of the Church of Santa Claus," a little play, will be given by the children and as no admission will be charged a large attendance is assured.

The services at all the churches of the South Side circuit under the charge of the Rev. J. H. Pearson, were well attended. Tomorrow night at the Third Street Methodist church Christmas exercises will be held and presents will be distributed to the children.

On account of the illness of the Rev. William Bourquin an night services were held at the German Evangelical church yesterday, but the morning service was well attended.

Saturday evening Christmas services were held at the German Lutheran church and a large tree and music, songs and recitations were enjoyed. Yesterday evening the Rev. Grother preached on "Behold I Bring You Good Tidings of Great Joy."

CHRISTIAN SERVICES AT GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The Christmas service of Grace Episcopal Sunday school was held on Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock in the parish house. A pleasing program of music was rendered and Miss Charlotte Wheeler told a beautiful Christmas story in a most attractive and graphic way. The Christmas social of the Sunday school will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m. in the Sunday school class of Miss Charles Morton, of Grace church, sent a Christmas box of toys to the Episcopal Mountain Mission at East Rock, North Carolina. The six boys composing this class are: Sam Langstaff, George Langstaff, Hazard Gardner, Raymond Perry, Verne Edwards, Newton Brown.

OIL YOU CRUEL MAN!

Woman Decried Bargain Hunting Gets Quick Divorce.

Kansas City, Dec. 27.—"When a man won't let his wife go shopping he has a perfect right to a divorce bargain hunting is a woman's natural right."

This is the substance of a decree of absolute divorce granted to Mrs. Grace H. Guyon by Judge William O. Thomas. And thus one of woman's natural rights has been legally recognized. Woman has, so to speak, "put one over" on the tyrant.

Know the "Hack."

Charles J. Ross, the actor, was discussing a recent divorce suit.

"The convenient memory of the average witness," he said, "is like that of an old colored man I once met, who claimed to have known George Washington. I asked him if he was in the boat when Gen. Washington crossed the Delaware, and he instantly replied, 'Lor', massa, I steered dat boat.'

"Well," said I, "do you remember when George took the hack at the cherry tree?"

"He looked around worried for a minute, and then, with a beaming smile, said: 'Why, sah, massa, I dun drove dat hack mahself.'—Young's Magazine.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts, of the British army, celebrated his golden wedding anniversary last month.

MADE 120 MILES AN HOUR IN AIR

INVENTOR DEMONSTRATES THE WORTH OF HIS MACHINE.

Feature of This Invention is Substitution of a Series of Undulating Planes.

NEW AEROPLANE COMES OUT.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 27.—Reginald Weatherby, of Tacoma, residing at Spanna Lake, has achieved a triumph in aviation, after three years' constant experimentation, that gives him high rank as an aeronaut, and will undoubtedly make him world famous. He has completed and successfully tried out his aluminum aeroplane, circling, with two other machines aboard, the summit of Mount Tacoma last Wednesday. The machine promises to revolutionize the entire system of air navigation.

The new feature of Weatherby's aeroplane is substitution of a system of undulating planes for the ordinary revolving propeller, by which he has demonstrated a speed of 120 miles an hour without vibration or jar, at the case of the revolving propeller type.

The machine is made of thin sheets of aluminum, reinforced with steel frame, long, sleek-like, acting as a steering point, making resistance light. Aviators sit in the body of the machine, tandem style, and along the sides of the long body undulating planes, which, working back and forth, shoot the machine forward like a rocket, the planes working in four separate sets, so there is never a period of rest, but a continual rush ahead. In case of accident or stopping machinery, the aeroplane sails an hour or more, gradually lowering the altitude.

The inventor says the balance undulating motion of the sea gulls on Puget sound gave him his first idea. Weatherby will offer his invention to the United States government, and will challenge the Wrights and other aviators to a trial of speed at their own terms.

FEW ACCIDENTS

MARRIED PLEASURES OF CHRISTMAS IN PADUCAH.

Young Lady Has Blister on Her Eye—Boy Burns His Hand.

Christmas has gone and left in its trail only a few accidents to mar the pleasure of the day. Owing to the strict vigilance kept by the police on the explosion of fireworks only a few accidents were reported. In fact the leaders say the sale of fireworks was not up to normal this Christmas.

By the explosion of a large firecracker Miss Louise Lawes, of Fulton, had a narrow escape from losing her eyelight. She is visiting her father, Mrs. J. E. Lawes, 617 South Thirtieth street, and with a party of friends was standing in the front yard. After lighting the fuse of a cracker a young man drew back a cracker to explode it, and it exploded. Miss Lawes was standing near, and the flying fragments struck her in the face. One piece hit the corner of her right eye, while a blister was raised on her left eye by the flash of the powder. Although her eye is swathed in bandages, her eyesight will not be impaired, it is thought.

Delay in throwing a lighted cracker resulted in the fireworks exploding in Laurence Kelley's hands and injuring his right hand. He is the five-year-old son of Mr. G. E. Kelley, 132 South Fourth street, and was playing with fireworks Saturday afternoon. The boy is resting easy at Riverside hospital, where he was carried for treatment. It is hoped to prevent tetanus from developing from the wound on the hand.

Fair, Fat and Tidy.

A Kansas sat on the beach at Atlantic City watching a fair and very fat bather disporting herself in the surf. He knew nothing of tides, and he did not notice that each succeeding wave came a little closer to his feet. At last an extra big wave washed over his shoe tops.

"Hey, there!" he yelled at the fair, fat bather. "Quit yer jimpin' up and down! Dye want to drown me?"—Everybody's Magazine.

If you are afraid to fight, take a quiet sneak. Don't bluff.

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RIVER NEWS

River Stages.				
Pittsburgh	6.1	0.0	at'd	
Cincinnati	7.6	2.3	fall	
Louisville	3.9	1.7	fall	
Evansville	7.9	0.6	rise	
St. Vernon—frozen.				
St. Carmel—frozen.				
Nashville	8.5	0.2	rise	
Chattanooga	3.4	0.3	rise	
Florence	2.3	0.4	rise	
Johnsboro	3.9	0.8	fall	
St. Louis	12.3	2.9	fall	
St. Paul	5.4	1.5	rise	
Paducah	7.5	0.9	fall	
Burnside	1.2	0.0	at'd	
Carthage	2.0	0.0	at'd	

River Forecast.

The river here will fall slowly for the next 12 hours.

Today's Arrivals.

George Cowling from Metropolis, Bottle Owen from Brookport, Clyde from Waterloo, Ala.

Today's Departures.

Cowling for Metropolis, Bottle Owen for Brookport, Clyde for Jopka, Ill.

Boats Due.

Margaret from Tennessee, J. B. Richardson from Nashville.

River and Weather.

Gage at 7 a. m. today read 7.5 feet, a fall of 1.1 feet since yesterday morning. Weather clear and cold and business light.

Heard on the Wharf.

There was no Cairo packet today, the Dick Fowler lying up because of ice. She will probably go out tomorrow.

The towboat Margaret is due tomorrow or Wednesday from the Tennessee river with a tow of ties for the Ayer & Lord The company.

The Kentucky is tied up at the foot of Washington street undergoing a few light repairs. She did not make her regular trip to Riverport, Ala., Saturday on account of Christmas and dull business. She will lie over here until Saturday evening, when she resumes her Tennessee river trade.

From the appearance of the river this morning rivermen were of the opinion that the Ohio above here is surged with ice. The river here was practically clear of ice today, although much ice was clogged towards the Illinois shore.

Leaving Nashville today the J. B. Richardson should reach this port tomorrow night or Wednesday morning. She returns to Nashville Wednesday at noon.

Business at the wharf was suspended Saturday and Sunday as no boats were moving in and out of this port. The levee was slippery with ice, and teams experienced much difficulty today in going up and down the wharf.

The U. S. lighthouse tender Lilly arrived yesterday from her port at St. Louis and has gone into winter quarters at Duck's Nest.

For the Tennessee river the towboat W. T. Harrison left yesterday after a tow of ties.

The Margaret will return to the Tennessee river after another tow of ties upon her arrival.

There was no Golconda packet today as the Ohio is still tied up in the local harbor.

The Evansville packets, Joe Fowler and John T. Lowry are both tied up here awaiting the disappearance of ice in the river.

That in spite of all the present deep-water talk, Ohio river packet

companies, as well as the other inland waterway packet companies of the country, will never do anything like the business they ought to unless they adopt new methods of operations, is the firm conviction of Superintendent Wilson, of the Louisville and Evansville Packet company.

"It is an unfortunate fact, but true nevertheless," said Superintendent Wilson a few days ago, "that most of the Ohio packet companies are now in the hands of the receiver. I believe that the principal reason for this condition of affairs is the fact that the river steamboat companies are a hundred years behind the times in some of their methods of operation. One of the most radical changes needed, and I am inclined to think, is the loading of steamboats by derricks. This would save a great deal of patience, time, labor and money. If properly conducted, I would not trade the steamboat business for any other business in the world. In fact, I believe that, when properly managed, it will pay more on the investment than Standard Oil. But steamboat men seem ultra-conservative in the matter of making changes. It was that way with the adoption of electric lights on the boats, and I suppose it will be that way with everything else."

The George Cowling and Bottle Owen made their regular trips today.

No Boats on Ohio.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 27.—With the withdrawal of the Louisville-Cincinnati packets from service on account of the heavy ice running not a steamboat is moving on the Ohio river between Pittsburgh and Cairo. Ice gorges have formed at several points.

News of Theatres

Owen Davis, the well known playwright, who furnished Paul Gilmore with the memorable college play, "At Yale," in which Mr. Gilmore scored his most complete success of past seasons, has written for this popular young star another similar comedy, "The Candidate," in which Mr. Gilmore and his players will be seen at The Kentucky on Tuesday night with a complete new production recently presented for the first time.

Gentle Rebuke.

It was late in the year for strawberries, but Mrs. Itasca was determined to have some for Sunday dinner. Over the telephone came the news that they were "very true, ma'am, very fine, indeed." Being, however, a cautious housekeeper, she decided to look over the fruit herself, as the grocer was not always to be trusted.

"They don't appear very good," she said, somewhat later, examining carefully a basketful. "They look, here she extracted one and tasted it—"they look a little green. I don't know. Just let me try one." She took another. "I guess I'll take one box, please. You don't put very many in a box, do you?" she inquired.

"There was," said the grocer, respectfully, "but there's been so many ladies lookin' 'em over that there ain't—"

"You may give me two boxes," said Mrs. Itasca.—Youth's Companion.

The United Kingdom manufactures 260,000 tons of soap yearly.

The use of barges in the coastwise trade is increasing enormously.

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